DR. A.P.J. ABDUL KALAM TECHNICAL UTTAR PRADESH, UNIVERSITY, LUCKNOW



EVALUATION SCHEME & SYLLABUS First Year FOR

MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATION (MCA) (Two Year Course)

As per AICTE MODEL CURRICULUM (Effective from the Session: 2020-21)

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MCA (MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATION) MCA FIRST YEAR, 2020-21

S.No	Subject	Subject Name	Per	riods			Sessional			Total	Credit
•	Code		L	Т	Р	СТ	TA	Total			
1.	KCA101	Fundamental of Computers & Emerging Technologies	3	0	0	30	20	50	100	150	3
2.	KCA102	Problem Solving using C	3	1	0	30	20	50	100	150	4
3.	KCA103	Principles of Management & Communication	3	0	0	30	20	50	100	150	3
4.	KCA104	Discrete Mathematics	3	0	0	30	20	50	100	150	3
5.	KCA105	Computer Organization & Architecture	3	1	0	30	20	50	100	150	4
6.	KCA151	Problem Solving using C Lab	0	0	4	30	20	50	50	100	2
7.	KCA152	Computer Organization & Architecture Lab	0	0	3	30	20	50	50	100	2
8.	KCA153	Professional Communication Lab	0	0	2	30	20	50	50	100	2
		Total								1050	23

SEMESTER-I

CT: Class Test TA: Teacher Assessment

L/T/P: Lecture/ Tutorial/ Practical

SEMESTER-II

S.No	Subject	Subject Name	Per	riods		Sessional			ESE	Total	Credit
•	Code		L	Т	Р	CT	TA	Total			
1.	KCA201	Theory of Automata &	3	0	0	30	20	50	100	150	3
		Formal Languages									
2.	KCA202	Object Oriented Programming	3	1	0	30	20	50	100	150	4
3.	KCA203	Operating Systems	3	0	0	30	20	50	100	150	3
4.	KCA204	Database Management	3	0	0	30	20	50	100	150	3
		Systems									
5.	KCA205	Data Structures & Analysis of	3	1	0	30	20	50	100	150	4
		Algorithms									
6.	KCAA01	Cyber Security*	2	0	0	30	20	50	100	150	0
7.	KCA251	Object Oriented Programming	0	0	3	30	20	50	50	100	2
		Lab									
8.	KCA252	DBMS Lab	0	0	3	30	20	50	50	100	2
9.	KCA253	Data Structures & Analysis of	0	0	4	30	20	50	50	100	2
		Algorithms Lab									
		Total								1200	23

CT: Class Test TA: Teacher Assessment L/T/P: Lecture/ Tutorial/ Practical

* Qualifying Non-credit Course

Syllabus

MCA 1st Year Ist Semester

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MCA (MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATION) FIRST YEAR SYLLABUS SEMESTER-I

KCA101: FUNDAMENTAL OF COMPUTERS & EMERGING TECHNOLOGIESCourse Outcome (CO)Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)

	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)	
	At the end of course , the student will be able to	
CO 1	Demonstrate the knowledge of the basic structure, components, features and generations of computers.	K ₁ , K ₂
CO 2	Describe the concept of computer languages, language translators and construct algorithms to solve problems using programming concepts.	$K_{2,}K_{3}$
CO 3	Compare and contrast features, functioning & types of operating system and computer networks.	K_4
CO 4	Demonstrate architecture, functioning & services of the Internet and basics of multimedia.	K ₂
CO 5	Illustrate the emerging trends and technologies in the field of Information Technology.	K ₁ , K ₂
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed
	ľ	Lecture
Ι	Introduction to Computer: Definition, Computer Hardware & Computer Software Components: Hardware – Introduction, Input devices, Output devices, Central	
	Processing Unit, Memory- Primary and Secondary. Software - Introduction, Types – System and Application. Computer Languages: Introduction, Concept of Compiler, Interpreter &	
	Assembler Problem solving concept: Algorithms – Introduction, Definition, Characteristics, Limitations, Conditions in pseudo-code, Loops in pseudo code.	08
П	Operating system: Definition, Functions, Types, Classification, Elements of command based and GUI based operating system. Computer Network: Overview, Types (LAN, WAN and MAN), Data communication, topologies.	08
III	Internet : Overview, Architecture, Functioning, Basic services like WWW, FTP, Telnet, Gopher etc., Search engines, E-mail, Web Browsers. Internet of Things (IoT): Definition, Sensors, their types and features, Smart Cities, Industrial Internet of Things.	08
IV	Block chain: Introduction, overview, features, limitations and application areas fundamentals of Block Chain.Crypto currencies: Introduction, Applications and use cases Cloud Computing: It nature and benefits, AWS, Google, Microsoft & IBM Services	08
V	Emerging Technologies: Introduction, overview, features, limitations and application areas of Augmented Reality, Virtual Reality, Grid computing, Green computing, Big data analytics, Quantum Computing and Brain Computer Interface	08
 Norton F Goel A., Balaguru Thareja R 	Readings: an V., "Fundamentals of Computers", Prentice-Hall of India. P., "Introduction to Computers", McGraw Hill Education. "Computer Fundamentals", Pearson. Isamy E., "Fundamentals of Computers", McGraw Hill R., "Fundamentals of Computers", Oxford University Press. "The Tech Whisperer- on Digital Transformation and the Technologies that Enable it "	', Penguin

	KCA102 :PROBLEM SOLVING USING C	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge l	Level (KL)
	At the end of course , the student will be able to	
CO 1	Describe the functional components and fundamental concepts of a digital computer system including number systems.	K ₁ , K ₂
CO 2	Construct flowchart and write algorithms for solving basic problems.	K ₂ , K ₃
CO 3	Write 'C' programs that incorporate use of variables, operators and expressions along with data types.	K ₂ , K ₃
CO 4	Write simple programs using the basic elements like control statements, functions, arrays and strings.	K ₂ , K ₃
CO 5	Write advanced programs using the concepts of pointers, structures, unions and enumerated data types.	K ₂ , K ₃
CO 6	Apply pre-processor directives and basic file handling and graphics operations in advanced programming.	K ₂ , K ₃
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-1-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
Ι	 Basics of programming: Approaches to problem solving, Use of high level programming language for systematic development of programs, Concept of algorithm and flowchart, Concept and role of structured programming. Basics of C: History of C, Salient features of C, Structure of C Program, Compiling C Program, Link and Run C Program, Character set, Tokens, Keywords, Identifiers, Constants, Variables, Instructions, Data types, Standard Input/Output, Operators and expressions. 	08
Π	Conditional Program Execution: if, if-else, and nested if-else statements, Switch statements, Restrictions on switch values, Use of break and default with switch, Comparison of switch and if-else. Loops and Iteration: for, while and do-while loops, Multiple loop variables, Nested loops, Assignment operators, break and continue statement. Functions: Introduction, Types, Declaration of a Function, Function calls, Defining functions, Function Prototypes, Passing arguments to a function Return values and their types, Writing multifunction program, Calling function by value, Recursive functions.	08
III	 Arrays: Array notation and representation, Declaring one-dimensional array, Initializing arrays, Accessing array elements, Manipulating array elements, Arrays of unknown or varying size, Two-dimensional arrays, Multidimensional arrays. Pointers: Introduction, Characteristics, * and & operators, Pointer type declaration and assignment, Pointer arithmetic, Call by reference, Passing pointers to functions, arrayof pointers, Pointers to functions, Pointer to pointer, Array of pointers. Strings: Introduction, Initializing strings, Accessing string elements, Array of strings, Passing strings to functions, String functions. 	08

IV	Structure: Introduction, Initializing, defining and declaring structure,	08
	Accessing members, Operations on individual members, Operations on	
	structures, Structure within structure, Array of structure, Pointers to	
	structure.	
	Union: Introduction, Declaring union, Usage of unions, Operations on	
	union. Enumerated data types	
	Storage classes : Introduction, Types- automatic, register, static and external.	
V	Dynamic Memory Allocation: Introduction, Library functions -	08
	malloc, calloc, realloc and free.	
	File Handling: Basics, File types, File operations, File pointer, File	
	opening modes, File handling functions, File handling through command	
	line argument, Record I/O in files.	
	Graphics: Introduction, Constant, Data types and global variables used	
	in graphics, Library functions used in drawing, Drawing and filling	
	images, GUI interaction within the program.	
Suggest	ed Readings:	
4		
	etkar Y., "Let Us C", BPB Publications.	
	y J. R. and Koffman E. B., "Problem Solving and Program Design in C", Pe	arson
	cation.	
	ldt H., "C- The Complete Reference", McGraw-Hill.	
-	al K. K. and Pandey H.M., Trouble Free C", University Science Press	
	fried B., "Schaum's Outlines- Programming in C", McGraw-Hill Publication	ns.
	nan S.G., "Programming in C", Addison-Wesley.	
-	P. and Ghosh M., "Computer Fundamentals and Programming in C", Oxfor	d
Uni	versity Press.	
8.Goya	I K. K., Sharma M. K. and Thapliyal M. P. "Concept of Compu	ter and C

8.Goyal K. K., Sharma M. K. and Thapliyal M. P. "Concept of Computer and C Programming", University Science Press.

	KCA103 : Principles of Management & Communication	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)	
	At the end of course, the student will be able to	
CO 1	Describe primary features, processes and principles of management.	K ₁ , K ₂
	Explain functions of management in terms of planning, decision making and	
CO 2	organizing.	K ₃ , K ₄
CO 3	Illustrate key factors of leadership skill in directing and controlling business resources and processes.	K ₅ , K ₆
CO 4	Exhibit adequate verbal and non-verbal communication skills	K ₁ , K ₃
CO 5	Demonstrate effective discussion, presentation and writing skills.	K ₃ , K ₅
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
Ι	Management : Need, Scope, Meaning and Definition. The process of Management, Development of Management thought F.W. Taylor and Henry Fayol, Horothorne Studies, Qualities of an Efficient Management.	08
II	Planning & Organising: Need, Scope and Importance of Planning, Steps in planning, Decision making model. Organising need and Importance, Organisational Design, Organisational structure, centralisation and Decentralisation, Deligation.	08
III	Directing & Controlling: Motivation—Meaning, Importance, need.Theories of Motivation, Leadership—meaning, need and importance, leadership style, Qualities of effective leader, principles of directing, Basic control process, Different control Techniques.	08
IV	Introduction to Communication: What is Communication, Levels of communication, Barriers to communication, Process of Communication, Non-verbal Communication, The flow of Communication: Downward, Upward, Lateral or Horizontal (Peer group) Communication, Technology Enabled communication, Impact of Technology, Selection of appropriate communication Technology, Importance of Technical communication.	08
V	Business letters :Sales & Credit letters; Claim and Adjustment Letters; Job application and Resumes.Reports:Types; Structure, Style & Writing of Reports.Technical Proposal:Parts; Types; Writing of Proposal; Significance.Nuances of Delivery;Body Language; Dimensions of Speech:Syllable;Accent; Pitch;Rhythm;Intonation;Paralinguistic features of voice;Communication skills,Presentation strategies,Workshop;Conference;Seminars.	08
Suggest	ed Readings:	
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	 P.C. Tripathi, P.N. Reddy, "Principles of Management", McGraw Hill Education 6th Editio C. B. Gupta, "Management Principles and Practice", Sultan Chand & Sons 3rd edition. T.N.Chhabra, "Business Communication", Sun India Publication. V.N.Arora and Laxmi Chandra, "Improve Your Writing", Oxford Univ. Press, 2001, New 2 Madhu Rani and SeemaVerma, "Technical Communication: A Practical Approach", Acr New Delhi-2011. Meenakshi Raman & Sangeeta Sharma, "Technical Communication- Principles and Practi Univ. Press, 2007, New Delhi. 	Delhi. ne Learning,
7. 8. 9.	Koontz Harold & Weihrich Heinz, "Essentials of Management", McGraw Hill 5 th Edition 20 Robbins and Coulter, "Management", Prentice Hall of India, 9 th edition. James A. F., Stoner, "Management", Pearson Education Delhi.	008.
10	P.D.Chaturvedi, "Business Communication", Pearson Education.	

	KCA104 : Discrete Mathematics	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)	
	At the end of course, the student will be able to	
	Use mathematical and logical notation to define and formally reason about basic	
CO 1	discrete structures such as Sets, Relations and Functions	K_1, K_2
<i></i>	Apply mathematical arguments using logical connectives and quantifiers to check the	
CO 2	validity of an argument through truth tables and propositional and predicate logic	$K_{2,}K_{3}$
CO 3	Identify and prove properties of Algebraic Structures like Groups, Rings and Fields	K ₃ , K ₄
CO 4	Formulate and solve recurrences and recursive functions	K ₃ , K ₄
CO 5	Apply the concept of combinatorics to solve basic problems in discrete mathematics	K ₁ , K ₃
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
Ι	Set Theory: Introduction, Size of sets and Cardinals, Venn diagrams, Combination of	08
	sets, Multisets, Ordered pairs and Set Identities.	
	Relation: Definition, Operations on relations, Composite relations, Properties of	
	relations, Equality of relations, Partial order relation.	
	Functions: Definition, Classification of functions, Operations on functions,	
	Recursively defined functions.	
Π	Posets, Hasse Diagram and Lattices: Introduction, Partial ordered sets, Combination	08
	of Partial ordered sets, Hasse diagram, Introduction of lattices, Properties of lattices -	
	Bounded, Complemented, Modular and Complete lattice.	
	Boolean Algebra: Introduction, Axioms and Theorems of Boolean algebra, Boolean	
111	functions. Simplification of Boolean functions, Karnaugh maps, Logic gates.	0.0
Ш	Propositional: Propositions, Truth tables, Tautology, Contradiction, Algebra of Propositions, Theory of Inference and Natural Detection.	08
	Predicate Logic: Theory of Predicates, First order predicate, Predicate formulas,	
	Quantifiers, Inference theory of predicate logic.	
IV	Algebraic Structures: Introduction to algebraic Structures and properties. Types of	08
	algebraic structures: Semi group, Monoid, Group, Abelian group and Properties of	
	group. Subgroup, Cyclic group, Cosets, Permutation groups, Homomorphism and	
	Isomorphism of groups.	
V	Rings and Fields: Definition and elementary properties of Rings and Fields.	00
v	Natural Numbers: Introduction, Piano's axioms, Mathematical Induction, Strong Induction and Induction with Nonzero Base cases.	08
	Recurrence Relation & Generating functions: Introduction and properties of	
	Generating Functions. Simple Recurrence relation with constant coefficients and	
	Linear recurrence relation without constant coefficients. Methods of solving	
	recurrences.	
	Combinatorics: Introduction, Counting techniques and Pigeonhole principle,	
	Polya's Counting theorem.	
Suggest	ed Readings:	
20	-	
1.	Kenneth H. Rosen, "Discrete Mathematics and Its Applications", McGraw Hill, 2006.	
2.	B. Kolman, R.C Busby and S.C Ross, "Discrete Mathematics Structures", Prentice Hall ,20	004.
3.	R.P Girimaldi, "Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics", Addison Wesley, 2004.	
4.	Y.N. Singh, "Discrete Mathematical Structures", Wiley- India, First edition, 2010.	
5.	Swapankumar Sarkar, "A Textbook of Discrete Mathematics", S. Chand & Company PVT	LTD V
<i>6</i> .	Krishnamurthy, "Combinatorics Theory & Application", East-West Press Pvt. Ltd., New D	
		viili.
7.	Liptschutz, Seymour, "Discrete Mathematics", McGraw Hill.	(
8.	J.P. Trembely&R.Manohar, "Discrete Mathematical Structure with application to Compu	ter Science",
	McGraw Hill.	

	KCA105 : COMPUTER ORGANIZATION & ARCHITECTURE Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)	
	At the end of course , the student will be able to	,
CO 1	Describe functional units of digital system and explain how arithmetic and logical operations are performed by computers	K ₂ , K ₃
CO 2	Describe the operations of control unit and write sequence of instructions for carrying out simple operation using various addressing modes.	K ₂ , K ₄
CO 3	Design various types of memory and its organization.	K ₃
CO 4	Describe the various modes in which IO devices communicate with CPU and memory.	K ₂ , K ₃
CO 5	List the criteria for classification of parallel computer and describe various architectural schemes.	K_1, K_2
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-1-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
Ι	Introduction: Functional units of digital system and their interconnections, buses, bus architecture, types of buses and bus arbitration. Register, bus and memory transfer. Processor organization: general registers organization, stack organization and addressing modes.	08
П	Arithmetic and logic unit: Look ahead carries adders. Multiplication: Signed operand multiplication, Booths algorithm and array multiplier. Division and logic operations. Floating point arithmetic operation, Arithmetic & logic unit design. IEEE Standard for Floating Point Numbers.	08
ш	Control Unit: Instruction types, formats, instruction cycles and sub cycles (fetch and execute etc), micro operations, execution of a complete instruction. Program Control, Reduced Instruction Set Computer, Pipelining. Hardwire and micro programmed control: micro-program sequencing, concept of horizontal and vertical microprogramming.	08
IV	Memory: Basic concept and hierarchy, semiconductor RAM memories, 2D & 2 1/2D memory organization. ROM memories. Cache memories: concept and design issues & performance, address mapping and replacement Auxiliary memories: magnetic disk, magnetic tape and optical disks Virtual memory: concept implementation.	08
V	Input / Output: Peripheral devices, I/O interface, I/O ports, Interrupts: interrupt hardware, types of interrupts and exceptions. Modes of Data Transfer: Programmed I/O, interrupt initiated I/O and Direct Memory Access., I/O channels and processors. Serial Communication: Synchronous & asynchronous communication, standard communication interfaces.	08
Sugges	ted Readings:	
1. 2.	John P. Hayes, "Computer Architecture and Organization", McGraw Hill. William Stallings, "Computer Organization and Architecture-Designing for Performan Education.	ce", Pearso
3.	M. Morris Mano, "Computer System Architecture", PHI.	
<i>3</i> . 4.	Carl Hamacher, ZvonkoVranesic, SafwatZaky, "Computer Organization", McGraw-Hill.	
4. 5.	BehroozParahami, "Computer Architecture", Oxford University Press.	
3. 6.	David A. Patterson and John L. Hennessy, "Computer Architecture-A Quantitative Elsevier Pub.	Approach

KCA151: PROBLEM SOLVING USING C LAB

At the end of course , the student will be able to CO1 Write, compile, debug and execute programs in a C programming environment. K ₃ CO2 Write programs that incorporate use of variables, operators and expressions along with data types. K ₃ CO3 Write programs for solving problems involving use of decision control structures and loops. K ₃ CO4 Write programs that involve the use of arrays, structures and user defined functions. K ₃ CO5 Write programs using graphics and file handling operations. K ₃ I. Program to implement conditional statements in C language. K ₃ Program to implement looping constructs inC language. Program to implement looping constructs in C language. Forgram to implement user defined functions in C language. S. Program to implement necursive functions in C language. Forgram to implement recursive functions in C language. Gorgam to implement necursive functions in C language. Forgram to implement necursive functions in C language. Forgram to implement necursive functions in C language. S. Program to implement necursive functions in C language. Forgram to implement necursive functions in C language. S. Program to implement necursive functions in C language. Forgram to implement two-dimensional arrays in C language. Forgram to implement two-d		Course Outcome (CO)	Bloom's Knowled ge Level (KL)
CO1environment.K3CO2Write programs that incorporate use of variables, operators and expressions along with data types.K3CO3Write programs for solving problems involving use of decision control structures and loops.K3CO4Write programs that involve the use of arrays, structures and user defined functions.K3CO5Write programs using graphics and file handling operations.K31.Program to implement conditional statements in C language.K33.Program to implement switch-case statement in C language.K34.Program to implement looping constructs inC language.K35.Program to implement user defined functions in C language.K16.Program to implement user defined functions in C language.K17.Program to implement user defined functions in C language.K28.Program to implement recursive functions in C language.K28.Program to implement one-dimensional arrays in C language.K28.Program to implement two-dimensional arrays in C language.K3		At the end of course , the student will be able to	
CO2expressions along with data types.K3CO3Write programs for solving problems involving use of decision control structures and loops.K3CO4Write programs that involve the use of arrays, structures and user defined functions.K3CO5Write programs using graphics and file handling operations.K31.Program to implement conditional statements in C language.K32.Program to implement switch-case statement in C language.K33.Program to perform basic input-output operations in C language.K34.Program to perform basic input-output operations in C language.K35.Program to implement user defined functions in C language.K36.Program to implement user defined functions in C language.K37.Program to implement user defined functions in C language.K38.Program to implement one-dimensional arrays in C language.K3	CO1		K ₃
CO3structures and loops.K3CO4Write programs that involve the use of arrays, structures and user defined functions.K3CO5Write programs using graphics and file handling operations.K31.Program to implement conditional statements in C language.K32.Program to implement switch-case statement in C language.K33.Program to implement looping constructs inC language.K34.Program to perform basic input-output operations in C language.K35.Program to implement user defined functions in C language.K36.Program to implement recursive functions in C language.K37.Program to implement one-dimensional arrays in C language.K38.Program to implement two-dimensional arrays in C language.K3	CO2		K ₃
CO4defined functions.K3CO5Write programs using graphics and file handling operations.K31.Program to implement conditional statements in C language.K32.Program to implement switch-case statement in C language.K33.Program to implement looping constructs inC language.K34.Program to perform basic input-output operations in C language.K35.Program to implement user defined functions in C language.K36.Program to implement recursive functions in C language.K37.Program to implement one-dimensional arrays in C language.K38.Program to implement two-dimensional arrays in C language.K3	CO3		K ₃
 Program to implement conditional statements in C language. Program to implement switch-case statement in C language Program to implement looping constructs inC language. Program to perform basic input-output operations in C language. Program to implement user defined functions in C language. Program to implement recursive functions in C language. Program to implement one-dimensional arrays in C language. Program to implement two-dimensional arrays in C language. 	CO4		K ₃
 Program to implement switch-case statement in C language Program to implement looping constructs inC language. Program to perform basic input-output operations in C language. Program to implement user defined functions in C language. Program to implement recursive functions in C language. Program to implement one-dimensional arrays in C language. Program to implement two-dimensional arrays in C language. 	CO5	Write programs using graphics and file handling operations.	K ₃
 Program to implement multi-dimensional arrays in C language. Program to implement string manipulation functions in C language. Program to implement structure in C language. Program to implement union in C language. Program to perform file handling operations in C language. Program to perform graphical operations in C language. 		 Program to implement switch-case statement in C language Program to implement looping constructs inC language. Program to perform basic input-output operations in C language. Program to implement user defined functions in C language. Program to implement recursive functions in C language. Program to implement one-dimensional arrays in C language. Program to perform various operations on two-dimensional arrays in C language. Program to implement multi-dimensional arrays in C language. Program to implement string manipulation functions in C language. Program to implement structure in C language. Program to implement union in C language. 	anguage.

	KCA152: COMPUTER ORGANIZATION & ARCHITECTURE LAB				
	Course Outcome (CO)	Bloom's Knowled ge Level (KL)			
	At the end of course , the student will be able to				
CO1	Design and verify combinational circuits (adder, code converter, decoder, multiplexer) using basic gates.	K ₆			
CO2	Design and verify various flip-flops.	K ₃			
CO3	Design I/O system and ALU.	K ₃			
CO4	Demonstrate combinational circuit using simulator	K ₂			
 Implementing HALF ADDER, FULL ADDER using basic logic gates. Implementing Binary -to -Gray, Gray -to -Binary code conversions. Implementing 3-8 line DECODER. Implementing 4x1 and 8x1 MULTIPLEXERS. Verify the excitation tables of various FLIP-FLOPS. Design of an 8-bit Input/ Output system with four 8-bit Internal Registers. Design of an 8-bit ARITHMETIC LOGIC UNIT. Design the data path of a computer from its register transfer language description. Design the control unit of a computer using either hardwiring or microprogramming based on its register transfer language description. Implement a simple instruction set computer with a control unit and a data path. 					
	he Instructor may add/delete/modify/tune experiments, wherever he/sh l manner.	e feels in a			

	Course Outcome (CO)	Bloom's Knowled ge Level (KL)
	At the end of course , the student will be able to	
CO1	Develop the ability to work as a team member as an integral activity in the workplace.	K ₃
CO2	Increase confidence in their ability to read, comprehend, organize, and retain written information. Improve reading fluency.	K_4
CO3	Write coherent speech outlines that demonstrate their ability to use organizational formats with a specific purpose; Deliver effective speeches that are consistent with and appropriate for the audience and purpose.	K5,K6
CO4	Develop proper listening skills; articulate and enunciate words and sentences clearly and efficiently.	K ₃
CO5	Show confidence and clarity in public speaking projects; be schooledin preparation and research skills for oral presentations.	K_5
	 Group Discussion: participating in group discussions- understand dynamics. GD strategies-activities to improve GD skills. Practical based on Ac Current Grammatical Patterns. Interview Etiquette-dress code, body language attending job in Telephone/Skype interview one to one interview &Panel interview. Communication Skills for Seminars/Conferences/Workshops with er Paralinguistic/ Kinesics, practicing word stress, rhythm in sentences, w intonation. Oral Presentation Skills for Technical Paper/Project Reports/ Profession based on proper Stress and Intonation Mechanics voice modulation Awareness, Presentation plan visual aids. Speaking:-Fluency & Accuracy in speech- positive thinking, Impr expression Developing persuasive speaking skills, pronunciation pr accept neutralization) particularly of problem sounds, in isolated words sentences. Individual Speech Delivery/Conferences with skills to Interjections/Quizzes. Argumentative Skills/Role Play Presentation with Stress and Intonation. Comprehension Skills based on Reading and Listening Practical's o Audio-Visual Usage. 	ccurate and aterview – mphasis on yeak forms, nal Reports ,Audience oving Self ractice (for s as well as defend

Syllabus

MCA 1st Year IInd Semester

AICTE Model Curriculum based Evaluation Scheme & Syllabus (I & II) 2020-21 Page 13

MCA (MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATION) FIRST YEAR SYLLABUS

SEMESTER-II

	KCA201: THEORY OF AUTOMATA & FORMAL LANGUAGES	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (H	KL)
	At the end of course , the student will be able to	
CO 1	Define various types of automata for different classes of formal languages and explain their working.	K ₁ , K ₂
CO 2	State and prove key properties of formal languages and automata.	K ₁ , K ₃
CO 3	Construct appropriate formal notations (such as grammars, acceptors, transducers and regular expressions) for given formal languages.	K _{3,} K ₄
CO 4	Convert among equivalent notations for formal languages.	K ₃
CO 5	Explain the significance of the Universal Turing machine, Church- Turing thesis and concept of Undecidability.	K ₂
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
Ι	Basic Concepts and Automata Theory: Introduction to Theory of Computation- Automata, Computability and Complexity, Alphabet, Symbol, String, Formal Languages, Deterministic Finite Automaton (DFA)- Definition, Representation, Acceptability of a String and Language, Non Deterministic Finite Automaton (NFA), Equivalence of DFA and NFA, NFA with ε-Transition, Equivalence of NFA's with and without ε-Transition, Finite Automata with output- Moore machine, Mealy Machine, Equivalence of Moore and Mealy Machine, Minimization of Finite Automata, Myhill-Nerode Theorem, Simulation of DFA and NFA.	08
Π	RegularExpressionsandLanguages: RegularExpressions,Transition Graph,Kleen'sTheorem, Finite Automata and Regular Expression- Arden's theorem, Algebraic Method Using Arden's Theorem, Regular and Non-Regular Languages- Closure properties of Regular Languages, Pigeonhole Principle, Pumping Lemma, Application of Pumping Lemma, Decidability- Decision properties, Finite Automata and Regular Languages, Regular Languages and Computers, Simulation of Transition Graph and Regular language.	08
III	Regular and Non-Regular Grammars : Context Free Grammar(CFG)-Definition, Derivations, Languages, Derivation Trees and Ambiguity, Regular Grammars-Right Linear and Left Linear grammars, Conversion of FA into CFG and Regular grammar into FA, Simplification of CFG, Normal Forms- Chomsky Normal Form(CNF), Greibach Normal Form (GNF),Chomsky Hierarchy, Programming problems based on the properties of CFGs.	08
IV	Push Down Automata and Properties of Context Free Languages : Nondeterministic Pushdown Automata (NPDA)- Definition, Moves, A Language Accepted by NPDA, Deterministic Pushdown Automata(DPDA) and Deterministic Context free Languages(DCFL),	08

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	Pushdown Automata for Context Free Languages, Context Free grammars for Pushdown Automata, Two stack Pushdown Automata, Pumping Lemma for CFL, Closure properties of CFL, Decision Problems of CFL, Programming problems based on the properties of CFLs.									
V	Turing Machines and Recursive Function Theory : Basic									
	Turing Machine Model, Representation of Turing Machines,									
	Language Acceptability of Turing Machines, Techniques for Turing	08								
	Machine Construction, Modifications of Turing Machine, Turing									
	Machine as Computer of Integer Functions, Universal Turing									
	machine, Linear Bounded Automata, Church's Thesis, Recursive and									
	Recursively Enumerable language, Halting Problem, Post									
	Correspondence Problem, Introduction to Recursive Function Theory.									
Sugges	ted Readings:									
1.	J.E. Hopcraft, R. Motwani, and Ullman, "Introduction to Automa	ta theory,								
	Languages and Computation", Pearson EducationAsia,2nd Edition.									
2.	J. Martin, "Introduction to languages and the theory of computation", Me	cGraw Hill,								
	3rd Edition.									
3.	C. Papadimitrou and C. L. Lewis, "Elements and Theory of Computation"	, PHI.								
4.	K.L.P. Mishra and N. Chandrasekaran ,"Theory of Computer Science	e Automata								
	Languages and Computation", PHI.									
5	YN Singh "Mathematical Foundation of Computer Science"	New Age								

5. Y.N. Singh, "Mathematical Foundation of Computer Science", New Age International.

	KCA202 : OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING								
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)								
	At the end of course, the student will be able to								
CO 1	List the significance and key features of object oriented programming and modeling using UML	K_4							
CO 2	Construct basic structural, behavioral and architectural models using object oriented software engineering approach.	K ₆							
CO 3	Integrate object oriented modeling techniques for analysis and design of a system.	K _{4,} K ₅							
CO 4	Use the basic features of data abstraction and encapsulation in C++ programs.								
CO 5	Use the advanced features such as Inheritance, polymorphism and virtual function in C++ programs.	K ₃ , K ₄							
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-1-0							
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture							
Ι	Introduction: Object Oriented Programming: objects, classes, Abstraction, Encapsulation, Inheritance, Polymorphism, OOP in Java, Characteristics of Java, The Java Environment, Java Source File Structure, and Compilation. Fundamental Programming Structures in Java: Defining classes in Java, constructors, methods, access specifies, static members, Comments, Data Types, Variables, Operators, Control Flow, Arrays								
Π	 Control Flow, Arrays. Inheritance, Interfaces, and Packages: Inheritance: Super classes, sub classes, Protected members, constructors in sub classes, Object class, abstract classes and methods. Interfaces: defining an interface, implementing interface, differences between classes and interfaces and extending interfaces, Object cloning, inner classes. Packages: Defining Package, CLASSPATH Setting for Packages, Making JAR Files for Library Packages, Import and Static Import Naming Convention For Packages, Networking java.net package. 								
Ш	Exception Handling, I/O : Exceptions: exception hierarchy, throwing and catching exceptions, built-in exceptions, creating own exceptions, Stack Trace Elements. Input / Output Basics: Byte streams and Character streams, Reading and Writing, Console Reading and Writing Files.	08							
IV	Multithreading and Generic Programming: Differences between multi-threading and multitasking, thread life cycle, creating threads, synchronizing threads, Inter-thread communication, daemon threads, thread groups. Generic Programming: Generic classes, generic methods, Bounded Types: Restrictions and Limitations.	08							
V	Event Driven Programming: Graphics programming: Frame, Components, working with 2D shapes, Using colors, fonts, and images. Basics of event handling: event handlers, adapter classes, actions, mouse events, AWT event hierarchy. Introduction to Swing: layout management, Swing Components: Text Fields, Text Areas, Buttons, Check Boxes, Radio Buttons, Lists, choices, Scrollbars, Windows Menus and Dialog Boxes.	08							
Suggest	ed Readings:								
1. 2. 3.	Herbert Schildt, "Java The complete referencel", McGraw Hill Education, 8th Edition, 201 Cay S. Horstmann, Gary Cornell, "Core Java Volume –I Fundamentals", Prentie Edition, 2013. Steven Holzner, "Java Black Book", Dreamtech.	1. ce Hall, 9th							
4.	Balagurusamy E, "Programming in Java", McGraw Hill								
5.	Naughton, Schildt, "The Complete reference java2", McGraw Hill								
6.	Khalid Mughal, "A Programmer's Guide to Java SE 8 Oracle Certified Associate (OCA Wesley.	.)", Addison-							

	KCA203 : OPERATING SYSTEMS								
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (KI	2)							
	At the end of course, the student will be able to	,							
CO 1	Explain main components, services, types and structure of Operating Systems.	K ₂							
CO 2	Apply the various algorithms and techniques to handle the various concurrency								
	control issues.	K ₃							
CO 3	Compare and apply various CPU scheduling algorithms for process execution.	K ₂							
CO 4	Identify occurrence of deadlock and describe ways to handle it.	K ₃ K ₅							
CO 5	CO 5 Explain and apply various memory, I/O and disk management techniques.								
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0							
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture							
Ι	Introduction: Operating System Structure- Layered structure, System Components, Operating system functions, Classification of Operating systems- Batch, Interactive, Time sharing, Real Time System, Multiprocessor Systems, Multiuser Systems, Multi process Systems, Multithreaded Systems, Operating System services, Reentrant Kernels,								
Π	Monolithic and Microkernel Systems. Concurrent Processes: Process Concept, Principle of Concurrency, Producer / Consumer Problem, Mutual Exclusion, Critical Section Problem, Dekker's solution, Peterson's solution, Semaphores, Test and Set operation, Classical Problem in Concurrency- Dining Philosopher Problem, Sleeping Barber Problem, Inter Process Communication models and Schemes,								
III	Process generation. CPU Scheduling: Scheduling Concepts, Performance Criteria, Process States, Process Transition Diagram, Schedulers, Process Control Block (PCB), Process address space, Process identification information, Threads and their management, Scheduling Algorithms, Multiprocessor Scheduling. Deadlock: System model, Deadlock characterization, Prevention, Avoidance and detection, Recovery from deadlock.								
IV	Memory Management: Basic bare machine, Resident monitor, Multiprogramming with fixed partitions, Multiprogramming with variable partitions, Protection schemes, Paging, Segmentation, Paged segmentation, Virtual memory concepts, Demand paging, Performance of demand paging, Page replacement algorithms, Thrashing, Cache memory organization, Locality of reference.	08							
V	I/O Management and Disk Scheduling : I/O devices, and I/O subsystems, I/O buffering, Disk storage and disk scheduling, RAID. File System: File concept, File organization and access mechanism, File directories, and File sharing, File system implementation issues, File system protection and security.	08							
Suggest	ted Readings:								
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Silberschatz, Galvin and Gagne, "Operating Systems Concepts", Wiley Publication Sibsankar Halder and Alex A Arvind, "Operating Systems", Pearson Education. Harvey M Dietel, "An Introduction to Operating System", Pearson Education. William Stallings, "Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles", 6th Edi Pearson Education. Harris, Schaum's Outline Of Operating Systems, McGraw Hill								
	KCA204 : DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS								

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	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)							
	At the end of course , the student will be able to							
CO 1	Describe the features of a database system and its application and compare various	V						
CO 1	types of data models.	K_2						
CO 2	Construct an ER Model for a given problem and transform it into a relation database schema.	K ₅ , K ₆						
CO 3	Formulate solution to a query problem using SQL Commands, relational algebra, tuple calculus and domain calculus.	K ₅ , K ₆						
CO 4	Explain the need of normalization and normalize a given relation to the desired normal form.	K ₂ , K ₃						
CO 5 Explain different approaches of transaction processing and concurrency control.								
DETAILED SYLLABUS								
Unit Topic								
Ι	Introduction: Overview, Database System vs File System, Database System Concept and Architecture, Data Model Schema and Instances, Data Independence and Database Language and Interfaces, Data Definitions Language, DML, Overall Database Structure. Data Modeling Using the Entity Relationship Model: ER Model Concepts, Notation for ER Diagram, Mapping Constraints, Keys, Concepts of Super Key, Candidate Key, Primary Key, Generalization, Aggregation, Reduction of an ER Diagrams to Tables, Extended ER Model, Relationship of Higher Degree.	08						
П	Relational data Model and Language: Relational Data Model Concepts, Integrity Constraints, Entity Integrity, Referential Integrity, Keys Constraints, Domain Constraints, Relational Algebra, Relational Calculus, Tuple and Domain Calculus. Introduction to SQL: Characteristics of SQL, Advantage of SQL. SQL Data Type and Literals. Types of SQL Commands. SQL Operators and their Procedure. Tables, Views and Indexes. Queries and Sub Queries. Aggregate Functions. Insert, Update and Delete Operations, Joins, Unions, Intersection, Minus, Cursors, Triggers, Procedures in							
III	SQL/PL SQL III Data Base Design & Normalization: Functional dependencies, normal forms, first, second, third normal forms, BCNF, inclusion dependence, loss less join decompositions, normalization using FD, MVD, and JDs, alternative approaches to database design							
IV	Transaction Processing Concept: Transaction System, Testing of Serializability, Serializability of Schedules, Conflict & View Serializable Schedule, Recoverability, Recovery from Transaction Failures, Log Based Recovery, Checkpoints, Deadlock Handling. Distributed Database: Distributed Data Storage, Concurrency Control, Directory System	08						
V	Concurrency Control Techniques: Concurrency Control, Locking Techniques for Concurrency Control, Time Stamping Protocols for Concurrency Control, Validation Based Protocol, Multiple Granularity, Multi Version Schemes, Recovery with Concurrent Transaction, Case Study of Oracle.	08						
00	red Readings:							
1.	Korth, Silbertz, Sudarshan," Database Concepts", McGraw Hill.							
2.	Date C J, "An Introduction to Database Systems", Addision Wesley.							
3.	Elmasri, Navathe, "Fundamentals of Database Systems", Addision Wesley.							
4.	O'Neil, "Databases", Elsevier Pub.							
5.	Ramakrishnan, "Database Management Systems", McGraw Hill.							
6.	Leon & Leon,"Database Management Systems", Vikas Publishing House.							
0.								
7.	Bipin C. Desai, "An Introduction to Database Systems", Gagotia Publications.							

	Course Outcome (CO)	ATHMS Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)
	At the end of course , the student will be able to	
CO 1	Explain the concept of data structure, abstract data types, algorithms, analysis of algorithms and basic data organization schemes such as arrays and linked lists.	K ₂
CO 2	Describe the applications of stacks and queues and implement various operations on them using arrays and linked lists.	K ₃
CO 3	Describe the properties of graphs and trees and implement various operations such as searching and traversal on them.	K ₃
CO 4	Compare incremental and divide-and-conquer approaches of designing algorithms for problems such as sorting and searching.	K_4
CO 5	Apply and analyze various design approaches such as Divide-and-Conquer, greedy and dynamic for problem solving .	K_4
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	4-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
I	Introduction to data structure: Data, Entity, Information, Difference between Data and Information, Data type, Build in data type, Abstract data type, Definition of data structures, Types of Data Structures: Linear and Non-Linear Data Structure, Introduction to Algorithms: Definition of Algorithms, Difference between algorithm and programs, properties of algorithm, Algorithm Design Techniques, Performance Analysis of Algorithms, Complexity of various code structures, Order of Growth, Asymptotic Notations. Arrays: Definition, Single and Multidimensional Arrays, Representation of Arrays: Row Major Order, and Column Major Order, Derivation of Index Formulae for 1-D,2-D Array Application of arrays, Sparse Matrices and their representations. Linked lists: Array Implementation and Pointer Implementation of Singly Linked Lists, Doubly Linked List, Circularly Linked List, Operations on a Linked List. Insertion, Deletion, Traversal, Polynomial Representation and Addition Subtraction & Multiplications of Single variable.	08
П	 Stacks: Abstract Data Type, Primitive Stack operations: Push & Pop, Array and Linked Implementation of Stack in C, Application of stack: Prefix and Postfix Expressions, Evaluation of postfix expression, Iteration and Recursion- Principles of recursion, Tail recursion, Removal of recursion Problem solving using iteration and recursion with examples such as binary search, Fibonacci numbers, and Hanoi towers. Queues: Operations on Queue: Create, Add, Delete, Full and Empty, Circular queues, Array and linked implementation of queues in C, Dequeue and Priority Queue. Searching: Concept of Searching, Sequential search, Index Sequential Search, Binary Search. Concept of Hashing & Collision resolution Techniques used in Hashing. 	08

III	 Sorting: Insertion Sort, Selection Sort, Bubble Sort, Heap Sort, Comparison of Sorting Algorithms, Sorting in Linear Time: Counting Sort and Bucket Sort. Graphs: Terminology used with Graph, Data Structure for Graph Representations: Adjacency Matrices, Adjacency List, Adjacency. Graph Traversal: Depth First Search and Breadth First Search, Connected Component. 	08
IV	Trees: Basic terminology used with Tree, Binary Trees, Binary Tree Representation: Array Representation and Pointer (Linked List) Representation, Binary Search Tree, Complete Binary Tree, A Extended Binary Trees, Tree Traversal algorithms: Inorder, Preorder and Postorder, Constructing Binary Tree from given Tree Traversal, Operation of Insertion, Deletion, Searching & Modification of data in Binary Search Tree. Threaded Binary trees, Huffman coding using Binary Tree, AVL Tree and B Tree.	08
V	Divide and Conquer with Examples Such as Merge Sort, Quick Sort, Matrix Multiplication: Strassen's Algorithm Dynamic Programming: Dijikstra Algorithm, Bellman Ford Algorithm, All- pair Shortest Path: Warshal Algorithm, Longest Common Sub-sequence Greedy Programming: Prims and Kruskal algorithm.	08
Sugge	sted Readings:	
	Cormen T. H., Leiserson C. E., Rivest R. L., and Stein C., "Introduction to Alg Horowitz Ellis, Sahni Sartaj and Rajasekharan S., "Fundamentals of Computer 2nd Edition, Universities Press.	
3.	Dave P. H., H.B.Dave, "Design and Analysis of Algorithms", 2nd Edition, Pea	rson Education.
4.		
5.	HP Hamilton.	Algorithms",
	Lipschutz, Data Structures With C - SIE - SOS, McGraw Hill	
7.	Samanta D., "Classic Data Structures", 2 nd Edition Prentice Hall India. Goodrich M. T. and Tomassia R., "Algorithm Design: Foundations, Analysis a	u d Tutom ot
8.	examples", John Wiley and sons.	nd Internet
9.		
10	Aho, Ullman and Hopcroft, "Design and Analysis of algorithms", Pearson Edu	
	R. Neapolitan and K. Naimipour, "Foundations of Algorithms",4th edition, Jor Student edition.	
12	Reema Thareja, Data Structures using C, Oxford Univ. Press	
L		

	KCAA01: CYBER SECURITY								
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (KI	.)							
	At the end of course , the student will be able to	/							
CO 1	Identify and analyze nature & inherent difficulties in the security of the Information System.	K ₃							
CO 2	Analyze various threats and attacks, corresponding counter measures and various vulnerability assessment and security techniques in an organization.								
CO 3	Applications of cyber based policies and use of IPR and patent law for software-based design. Define E-commerce types and threats to E-commerce.								
CO 4	Explain concepts and theories of networking and apply them to various situations, classifying networks, analyzing performance.	K ₂							
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	2-0-0							
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture							
I	Introduction- Introduction to Information Systems, Types of Information Systems, Development of Information Systems, Introduction to Information Security and CIA triad, Need for Information Security, Threats to Information Systems, Information Assurance and Security Risk Analysis, Cyber Security.								
Ш	 Application Security- (Database, E-mail and Internet), Data Security Considerations-(Backups, Archival Storage and Disposal of Data), Security Technology-(Firewall, VPNs, Intrusion Detection System), Access Control. Security Threats -Viruses, Worms, Trojan Horse, Bombs, Trapdoors, Spoofs, E-mail Viruses, Macro Viruses, Malicious Software, Network and Denial of Services Attack. 	08							
Ш	Introduction to E-Commerce, Threats to E-Commerce, Electronic Payment System, e- Cash, Credit/Debit Cards. Digital Signature, Cryptography Developing Secure Information Systems, Application Development Security, Information Security Governance & Risk Management, Security Architecture & Design Security Issues in Hardware, Data Storage & Downloadable Devices, Physical Security of IT Assets - Access Control, CCTV, Backup Security Measures.	08							
IV	 Security Policies- Why policies should be developed, Policy Review Process, Publication and Notification Requirement of policies, Types of policies – WWW policies, Email Security policies, Corporate Policies, Sample Security Policies. Case Study – Corporate Security 	08							
V	Information Security Standards- ISO, IT Act, Copyright Act, IPR. Cyber Crimes, Cyber Laws in India; IT Act 2000 Provisions, Intellectual Property Law, Copy Right Law, Semiconductor Law and Patent Law, Software Piracy and Software License.	08							

KCA251:OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB								
	Course Outcome (CO)							
	At the end of course , the student will be able to							
CO1	CO1 Use the Concept of Data Abstraction and Encapsulation in C++ programs.							
CO2	CO2 Design and Develop C++ program using the concept such as polymorphism, virtual function, exception handling and template.							
CO3	CO3 Apply object oriented techniques to analyze, design and develop a complete solution for a given problem.							
 Use Java compiler and eclipse platform to write and execute java program. Creating simple java programs, Understand OOP concepts and basics of Java programming. Create Java programs using inheritance and polymorphism. Implement error-handling techniques using exception handling and multithreading. Understand the use of java packages. File handling and establishment of database connection. Develop a calculator application in java. Develop GUI applications using Swing components. 								

	KCA252: DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS LAB							
	Course Outcome (CO)							
	At the end of course , the student will be able to							
CO1	Use the Concept of Data Abstraction and Encapsulation in C++ programs.	K_6						
CO2	Write SQL commands to query a database.	K ₃						
CO3	Write PL/SQL programs for implementing stored procedures, stored functions, cursors, trigger and packages.							
2. (3. 4. 1 5. (6. (7. (8. 1 9. 1 10. 1	Installing oracle/ MYSQL. Creating Entity-Relationship Diagram using case tools. Writing SQL statements Using ORACLE /MYSQL: a. Writing basic SQL SELECT statements. b.Restricting and sorting data. c.Displaying data from multiple tables. d.Aggregating data using group function. e.Manipulating data. f. Creating and managing tables. Normalization. Creating procedure and functions. Creating packages and triggers. Design and implementation of payroll processing system. Design and implementation of Student Information System. Automatic Backup of Files and Recovery of Files.							

	Course Outcome (CO)								
At the end of course , the student will be able to									
CO1	K ₃								
CO2	Write and execute programs to implement various operations on two-dimensional arrays.	K ₃							
CO3	Implement various operations of Stacks and Queues using both arrays and linked lists data structures.	K ₃							
CO4	Implement graph algorithm to solve the problem of minimum spanning tree	K ₃							
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17.	 n in C or C++ for following: To implement addition and multiplication of two 2D arrays. To transpose a 2D array. To implement stack using array To implement queue using array. To implement circular queue using array. To implement stack using linked list. To implement DFS using linked list. To implement Linear Search. To implement Binary Search. To implement Selection Sorting. To implement Insertion Sorting. To implement Merge Sorting. To implement Matrix Multiplication by strassen's algorithm 								

MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATION (MCA) MCA SECOND YEAR, 2021-22

SEMESTER-III

S. No.	Subject	Subject Name	Per	Periods Sessional			nal	ESE	Total	Credit	
	Code		L	Т	Р	CT	TA	Total			
1.	KCA301	Artificial Intelligence	3	0	0	30	20	50	100	150	3
2.	KCA302	Software Engineering	4	0	0	30	20	50	100	150	4
3.	KCA303	Computer Based	3	1	0	30	20	50	100	150	4
		Optimization Techniques									
4.		Elective – 1	3	0	0	30	20	50	100	150	3
5.		Elective – 2	3	1	0	30	20	50	100	150	3
6.	KCA351	Artificial Intelligence Lab	0	0	3	30	20	50	50	100	2
7.	KCA352	Software Engineering Lab	0	0	3	30	20	50	50	100	2
8.	KCA353	Mini Project**	0	0	4	30	20	50	50	100	2
	•	Total								1050	23

CT: Class Test TA: Teacher Assessment

L/T/P: Lecture/ Tutorial/ Practical

SEMESTER-IV

S. No.	5 5		Per	iods		5	Sessior	nal	ESE	Total	Credit
	Code		L	Т	Р	CT	TA	Total			
1.		Elective – 3	3	0	0	30	20	50	100	150	3
2.		Elective – 4	3	0	0	30	20	50	100	150	3
3.		Elective – 5	3	0	0	30	20	50	100	150	3
4.	KCA451	Project	-	-	-	-	200	200	500	700	14
		Total								1050	23

CT: Class Test TA: Teacher Assessment

L/T/P: Lecture/ Tutorial/ Practical

** The Mini Project (6 weeks) conducted during summer break after II semester and will be assessed during III semester. The Course will be carried out at the Institute under the guidance of a Faculty Members.

Elective-1	KCA011	Cryptography & Network Security
	KCA012	Neural Network
	KCA013	Software Project Management
	KCA014	Big Data
	KCA015	Introduction to Machine Learning

Elective-2	KCA021	Web Technology
	KCA022	Cloud Computing
	KCA023	Simulation & Modeling
	KCA024	Soft Computing
	KCA025	Android Operating System

Elective-3	KCA031	Blockchain Architecture
	KCA032	Data Warehousing & Data Mining
	KCA033	Pattern Recognition
	KCA034	Data Analytics
	KCA035	Computer Networks

Elective-4	KCA041	Digital Image Processing
	KCA042	Software Testing and Quality Assurance
	KCA043	Internet of Things
	KCA044	Modern Application Development
	KCA045	Distributed Database Systems

Elective-5	KCA051	Mobile Computing
	KCA052	Computer Graphics and Animation
	KCA053	Natural Language Processing
	KCA054	Compiler Design
	KCA055	Deep Learning

SECOND SEMESTER SYLLABUS SEMESTER-III

	KCA301: Artificial Intelligence		
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (K	L)	
	At the end of course, the student will be able to understand	,	
CO 1	Define the meaning of intelligence and study various intelligent agents.	K ₁	
CO 2	Understand, analyze and apply AI searching algorithms in different problem	K_2, K_3, K_4	
	domains.		
CO 3	Study and analyze various models for knowledge representation.	K ₁ , K ₃	
CO 4	Understand the basic concepts of machine learning to analyze and implement	K_2, K_4, K_6	
	widely used learning methods and algorithms.		
CO 5	Understand the concept of pattern recognition and evaluate various	K_2, K_5	
	classification and clustering techniques		
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0	
Unit	Торіс	Proposed	
		Lecture	
Ι	Artificial Intelligence: Introduction to artificial intelligence, Historical	08	
	development and foundation areas of artificial intelligence, Tasks and		
	application areas of artificial intelligence. Introduction, types and structure of		
	intelligent agents, Computer Vision, Natural language processing.		
II	Searching Techniques: Introduction, Problem solving by searching, Searching	08	
	for solutions, Uniformed searching techniques, Informed searching techniques,		
	Local search algorithms, Adversarial search methods, Search techniques used		
	in games, Alpha-Beta pruning.		
III	Knowledge Representation and Reasoning: Propositional logic, Predicate	08	
	logic, First order logic, Inference in first order logic, Clause form conversion,		
	Resolution. Chaining- concept, forward chaining and backward chaining,		
	Utility theory and Probabilistic reasoning, Hidden Markov model, Bayesian		
117	networks.	08	
IV	Machine Learning: Introduction, types and application areas, Decision trees,	08	
	Statistical learning methods, Learning with complete data - concept and Naïve Bayes models, Learning with hidden data- concept and EM algorithm,		
	Reinforcement learning.		
V	Pattern Recognition: Introduction and design principles, Statistical pattern	08	
v	recognition, Parameter estimation methods - Principle component analysis and	00	
	Linear discrimination analysis, Classification techniques - Nearest neighbor		
	rule and Bayes classifier, K-means clustering, Support vector machine.		
Sugges	ted Readings:	l	
	ssell S. and Norvig P., "Artificial Intelligence – A Modern Approach", Pearson Ed	ucation	
	ch E. and Knight K., "Artificial Intelligence", McGraw Hill Publications.		
	arnik E. and McDermott D., "Introduction to Artificial Intelligence", Pearson Educ	cation.	
	blications.		

- Winston P. H., "Artificial Intelligence", Pearson Education.
 Thornton C. and Boulay B.," Artificial Intelligence- Strategies, Applications and Models through Search", New Age International Publishers.

	KCA302: Software Engineering	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Le	vel (KL)
	At the end of course, the student will be able to understand	(111)
CO 1	Explain various software characteristics and analyze different software Development Models.	K ₁ , K ₂
CO 2	Demonstrate the contents of a SRS and apply basic software quality assurance practices to ensure that design, development meet or exceed applicable standards.	K ₁ , K ₂
CO 3	Compare and contrast various methods for software design.	K_2, K_3
CO 4	Formulate testing strategy for software systems, employ techniques such as unit testing, Test driven development and functional testing.	K ₃
CO 5	Manage software development process independently as well as in teams and make use of various software management tools for development, maintenance and analysis.	K ₅
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-1-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
Ι	Introduction: Introduction to Software Engineering, Software Components, Software Characteristics, Software Crisis, Software Engineering Processes, Similarity and Differences from Conventional Engineering Processes, Software Quality Attributes. Software Development Life Cycle (SDLC) Models: Water Fall Model, Prototype Model, Spiral Model, Evolutionary Development Models, Iterative Enhancement Models.	08
II	Software Requirement Specifications (SRS): Requirement Engineering Process: Elicitation, Analysis, Documentation, Review and Management of User Needs, Feasibility Study, Information Modelling, Data Flow Diagrams, Entity Relationship Diagrams, Decision Tables, SRS Document, IEEE Standards for SRS. Software Quality Assurance (SQA): Verification and Validation, SQA Plans, Software Quality Frameworks, ISO 9000 Models, SEI- CMM Model.	08
Ш	Software Design: Basic Concept of Software Design, Architectural Design, Low Level Design: Modularization, Design Structure Charts, Pseudo Codes, Flow Charts, Coupling and Cohesion Measures, Design Strategies: Function Oriented Design, Object Oriented Design, Top-Down and Bottom-Up Design. Software Measurement and Metrics: Various Size Oriented Measures: Halestead's Software Science, Function Point (FP) Based Measures, Cyclomatic Complexity Measures: Control Flow Graphs.	08
IV	Software Testing: Testing Objectives, Unit Testing, Integration Testing, Acceptance Testing, Regression Testing, Testing for Functionality and Testing for Performance, Top Down and Bottom- Up Testing Strategies: Test Drivers and Test Stubs, Structural Testing (White Box Testing), Functional Testing (Black Box Testing), Test Data Suit Preparation, Alpha and Beta Testing of Products. Static Testing Strategies: Formal Technical Reviews (Peer Reviews), Walk Through, Code Inspection, Compliance with Design and Coding Standards.	08
V	Software Maintenance and Software Project Management: Software as an Evolutionary Entity, Need for Maintenance, Categories of Maintenance: Preventive, Corrective and Perfective Maintenance, Cost of Maintenance, Software Re-Engineering, Reverse Engineering. Software Configuration Management Activities, Change Control Process, Software Version	08

	Control, An Overview of CASE Tools. Estimation of Various Parameters such as Cost, Efforts, Schedule/Duration, Constructive Cost Models (COCOMO), Resource Allocation Models, Software Risk Analysis and Management.
Suggest	ed Readings:
1. R	R S Pressman, "Software Engineering: A Practitioners Approach", McGraw Hill.
2. Pa	ankaj Jalote, "Software Engineering", Wiley
3. R	ajib Mall, "Fundamentals of Software Engineering", PHI Publication.
4. K	K Aggarwal and Yogesh Singh, "Software Engineering", New Age International Publishers.
	hezzi, M. Jarayeri, D. Manodrioli, "Fundamentals of Software Engineering", PHI Publication.
	in Sommerville, "Software Engineering", Addison Wesley.
7. K	assem Saleh, "Software Engineering", Cengage Learning
	fleeger. "Software Engineering". Macmillan Publication

8. Pfleeger, "Software Engineering", Macmillan Publication

	KCA303: Computer Based Optimization Techniques	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (Kl	[.)
	At the end of course, the student will be able to understand	,
CO 1	Students will be able to describe characteristics and scope of OR and also to formulate LPP and obtain graphical solutions & acquire general idea of the simplex method.	K ₁ , K ₂
CO 2	To understand and solve transportation problem & assignment models.	K ₃ , K ₄
CO 3	To understand and solve integer linear programming and non-linear problems.	K ₂ , K ₃
CO 4	To know optimal inventory model and to identify right time for replacement of equipment.	K ₅ , K ₆
CO 5	Students will be able to evaluate optimum solution using dynamic programming for different applications and to understand concepts of queuing theory.	K ₂ , K ₅
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
Ι	Introduction to OR & Linear Programming Problems (LPP): Nature and meaning of OR, Principles of Modeling, General methods for solving OR Models, Main characteristics of OR, Main phases of OR, Scope of OR, Role of OR in decision making. Definition of LPP, Graphical Solutions of Linear Programming Problems, Simplex Method and Artificial Variable Method, Two Phase Method, Big-M method, Duality, Dual Simplex Method.	08
Π	 Transportation Problems: Introduction to Transportation Model, Matrix form of TP, Various methods of finding Initial basic feasible solution-North West Corner Method, Least Cost Method & VAM Method. Technique for obtaining optimal basic feasible Solution using MODI Method, Maximization Transportation Problem. Assignment Problems: Hungarian Algorithm and its applications, Maximization Assignment Problem. 	08
III	Integer Linear Programming Problems: Integer Linear Programming Problems, Mixed Integer Linear Programming Problems, Cutting Plane Method, Branch and Bound Method. Introduction to NLP: Definition of NLP, Convex Programming Problems, Quadratic Programming Problems, Wolfe's Method for Quadratic Programming, Kuhn-Tucker Conditions, Geometrical Interpretation of KT- Conditions, KT-Points etc.	08
IV	Inventory Models: Various costs-deterministic inventory models, Single period inventory model with shortest cost, Stochastic models, Application of inventory models, Economic lot sizes-price breaks. Replacement Problems : Capital equipment-discounting costs-replacement in anticipation of failure- group replacement-stochastic nature underlying the failure phenomenon.	08
V	 Dynamic Programming: Bellman's Principle of optimality of Dynamic Programming, Multistage decision problem and its solution by Dynamic Programming with finite number of stages, Solution of linear programming problems as a Dynamic Programming problem. Queuing Theory: Introduction to Queues, Characteristics of M/M/I Queue model, Role of Exponential and Poisson Distributions, Markovian Process, Erlang Distribution, Distribution of Arrivals, Distribution of Service Times, Definition of Steady and Transient State, Poisson Queues. 	08

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Taha H. A., "Operations Research An Introduction", Prentice-Hall India.
- 2. Wagner H. M., "Principles of Operations Research with Applications to Managerial Decisions", PHI.
- 3. Swarup K., "Operations Research", Sultan Chand & Sons.
- 4. Chawla K. K., Gupta V. and Bhushan K. S., "Operations Research- Quantitative Analysis for Management", Kalyani Publishers.
- 5. Sharma J. K. "Operations Research", Pearson, 3rd Edition.

ELECTIVE-1

	KCA011: Cryptography & Network Security	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (Kl	L)
	At the end of course, the student will be able to understand	,
CO 1	Understand various security attacks and their protection mechanism.	K_2
CO 2	Apply and analyze various encryption algorithms.	K ₃ , K ₄
CO 3	Understand functions and algorithms to authenticate messages and study and	K_1, K_2, K_3
-	apply different digital signature techniques.	1) 2) 5
CO 4	Analyze different types of key distributions.	K ₄
CO 5	Study and appraise different IP and system security mechanism.	K_1, K_5
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
I	Introduction to security attacks, Services and mechanism, Classical encryption techniques substitution ciphers and transposition ciphers, Cryptanalysis, Steganography, Stream and block ciphers. Modern Block Ciphers: Block ciphers principles, Shannon's theory of confusion and diffusion, Feistel structure, Data encryption standard(DES), Strength of DES, Idea of differential cryptanalysis, Block cipher modes of operations, Triple DES	08
II	Introduction to group, field, finite field of the form GF(p), Modular arithmetic, Prime and relative prime numbers, Extended Euclidean Algorithm, Advanced Encryption Standard (AES). Fermat's and Euler's theorem, Primality testing, Chinese Remainder theorem, Discrete Logarithmic Problem, Principals of public key crypto systems, RSA algorithm, Security of RSA	08
III	 Message Authentication Codes: Authentication requirements, Authentication functions, Message authentication code, Hash functions, Birthday attacks, Security of hash functions, Secure hash algorithm (SHA). Digital Signatures: Digital Signatures, Elgamal Digital Signature Techniques, Digital signature standards (DSS), Proof of digital signature algorithm. 	08
IV	 Key Management and distribution: Symmetric key distribution, Diffie- Hellman Key Exchange, Public key distribution, X.509 Certificates, Public key Infrastructure. Authentication Applications: Kerberos Electronic mail security: pretty good privacy (PGP), S/MIME. 	08
V	 IP Security: Architecture, Authentication header, Encapsulating security payloads, Combining security associations, Key management. Introduction to Secure Socket Layer, Secure electronic transaction (SET). System Security: Introductory idea of Intrusion, Intrusion detection, Viruses and related threats, firewalls. 	08
1.	ted Readings: Stallings W., "Cryptography and Network Security: Principals and Practic Education. Frouzan B. A., "Cryptography and Network Security", McGraw Hill. Kahate A., "Cryptography and Network Security", Tata McGraw Hill.	e", Pearson

	KCA012: Neural Networks	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)	<u> </u>
	At the end of course, the student will be able to understand	
CO 1	Study of basic concepts of Neuro Computing, Neuroscience and ANN. Understand the	K ₁ , K ₂
001	different supervised and unsupervised and neural networks performance.	$\mathbf{K}_1, \mathbf{K}_2$
CO 2	Study of basic Models of neural network. Understand the Perception network, and	K ₂ , K ₃
002	Compare neural networks and their algorithm.	$\mathbf{K}_{2}, \mathbf{K}_{3}$
CO 3	Study and Demonstrate different types of neural network. Make use of neural networks	K ₂ K ₃ K ₄
005	for specified problem domain.	\mathbf{K}_2 \mathbf{K}_{3} , \mathbf{K}_4
CO 4	Understand and Identify basic design requirements of recurrent network and Self-	K ₁ , K ₂
004	organizing feature map.	$\mathbf{K}_1, \mathbf{K}_2$
CO 5	Able to understand the some special network. Able to understand the concept of Soft	K ₁ , K ₂ K ₃
05	computing.	$\mathbf{K}_1, \mathbf{K}_2, \mathbf{K}_3$
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Topic	Proposed
Unit	гори	Lecture
Ι	Neurocomputing and Neuroscience: The human brain, biological neurons, neural	<u> </u>
1	processing, biological neural network.	00
	Artificial Neural Networks: Introduction, historical notes, neuron model, knowledge	
	representation, comparison with biological neural network, applications.	
	Learning process: Supervised learning, unsupervised learning, error correction	
	learning, competitive learning, adaptation learning, Statistical nature of the learning	
II	process. Basic Models: McCulloch-Pitts neuron model, Hebb net, activation functions,	08
11	aggregation functions.	00
	Perceptron networks: Perceptron learning, single layer perceptron networks,	
	multilayer perceptron networks.	
	Least mean square algorithm, gradient descent rule, nonlinearly separable problems	
	and bench mark problems in NN.	
III	Multilayer neural network: Introduction, comparison with single layer networks.	08
111	Back propagation network: Architecture, back propagation algorithm, local minima	00
	and global minima, heuristics for making back propagation algorithm performs better,	
	applications.	
	Radial basis function network : Architecture, training algorithm, approximation	
	properties of RBF networks, comparison of radial basis function network and back	
	propagation networks.	
IV	Recurrent networks : Introduction, architecture and types.	08
1 V	Self-organizing feature map: Introduction, determining winner, Kohonen Self	00
	Organizing feature maps (SOM) architecture, SOM algorithm, properties of feature	
	map; Learning vector quantization-architecture and algorithm.	
	Principal component and independent component analysis.	
V	Special networks: Cognitron, Support vector machines. Complex valued NN and	08
v	complex valued BP.	00
	Soft computing: Introduction, Overview of techniques, Hybrid soft computing	
	techniques.	
Suggest	ed Readings:	
	r S., "Neural Networks- A Classroom Approach", McGraw Hill.	
	n S., "Neural Networks – A Comprehensive Foundation", Pearson Education.	
	narayana B. "Artificial Neural Networks", Prentice Hall of India.	
	an J. A., "Neural Networks", Pearson Education.	
5. James Educa	F., "Neural Networks – Algorithms, Applications and Programming Techniques", Pearson	L
Educa	UUII.	

KCA013: Software Project Management		
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL))
	At the end of course, the student will be able to understand	
CO 1	Identify project planning objectives, along with various cost/effort estimation models.	K ₃
CO 2	Organize & schedule project activities to compute critical path for risk analysis	K ₃
CO 3	Monitor and control project activities.	K ₄ , K ₅
CO 4	Formulate testing objectives and test plan to ensure good software quality under SEI-CMM	K ₆
CO 5	Configure changes and manage risks using project management tools.	K_2, K_4
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
I	Project Evaluation and Project Planning: Importance of Software Project Management – Activities – Methodologies – Categorization of Software Projects – Setting objectives – Management Principles – Management Control – Project portfolio Management – Cost-benefit evaluation technology – Risk evaluation – Strategic program Management – Stepwise Project Planning.	08
II	Project Life Cycle and Effort Estimation: Software process and Process Models – Choice of Process models – Rapid Application development – Agile methods – Dynamic System Development Method – Extreme Programming– Managing interactive processes – Basics of Software estimation – Effort and Cost estimation techniques – COSMIC Full function points – COCOMO II – a Parametric Productivity Model.	08
III	Activity Planning and Risk Management: Objectives of Activity planning – Project schedules – Activities – Sequencing and scheduling – Network Planning models – Formulating Network Model – Forward Pass & Backward Pass techniques – Critical path (CRM) method – Risk identification – Assessment – Risk Planning –Risk Management – PERT technique – Monte Carlo simulation – Resource Allocation – Creation of Critical paths – Cost schedules.	08
IV	Project Management and Control:Framework for Management and control –Collection of data – Visualizing progress – Costmonitoring – Earned Value Analysis– Prioritizing Monitoring – Project tracking – Change control SoftwareConfiguration Management – Managing contracts – Contract Management.	08
V	Staffing in Software Projects: Managing people – Organizational behavior – Bestmethods of staff selection – Motivation – The Oldham – Hackman jobcharacteristic model – Stress – Health and Safety – Ethical and Professionalconcerns – Working in teams – Decision making – Organizational structures –Dispersed and Virtual teams – Communications genres – Communication plans –Leadership.	08
Suggest	ted Readings:	
l.	Bob Hughes, Mike Cotterell and Rajib Mall: "Software Project Management" – Fifth	
1.	Edition, McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2012.	
2		11
2.	Robert K. Wysocki — "Effective Software Project Management" – Wiley Publication, 201	11.
3. 4.	Walker Royce: — "Software Project Management" - Addison-Wesley, 1998. Gopalaswamy Ramesh, — "Managing Global Software Projects" – McGraw Hill Educ FourteenthReprint 2013.	
5. 6. 7. 8.	Koontz Harold & Weihrich Heinz, "Essentials of Management", McGraw Hill 5 th Edition 2 Robbins and Coulter, "Management", Prentice Hall of India, 9 th edition. James A. F., Stoner, "Management", Pearson Education Delhi. P. D. Chaturvedi, "Business Communication", Pearson Education.	2008.

	KCA014: Big Data	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)	
	At the end of course, the student will be able to understand	
CO1	Demonstrate knowledge of Big Data Analytics concepts and its applications in business.	K ₁ , K ₂
CO2	Demonstrate functions and components of Map Reduce Framework and HDFS.	K ₁ , K ₂
CO3	Develop queries in NoSQL environment.	K ₆
CO4	Explain process of developing Map Reduce based distributed processing applications.	K ₂ , K ₅
CO5	Explain process of developing applications using HBASE, Hive, Pig etc.	K ₂ ,K ₅
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	4-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
Ι	Introduction to Big Data : Types of digital data, history of Big Data innovation, introduction to Big Data platform, drivers for Big Data, Big Data architecture and characteristics, 5 Vs of Big Data, Big Data technology components, Big Data importance and applications, Big Data features – security, compliance, auditing and protection, Big Data privacy and ethics, Big Data Analytics, Challenges of conventional systems, intelligent data analysis, nature of data, analytic processes and tools, analysis vs reporting, modern data analytic tools.	08
Π	 Hadoop: History of Hadoop, Apache Hadoop, the Hadoop Distributed File System, components of Hadoop, data format, analyzing data with Hadoop, scaling out, Hadoop streaming, Hadoop pipes, Hadoop Echo System. Map-Reduce: Map-Reduce framework and basics, how Map Reduce works, developing a Map Reduce application, unit tests with MR unit, test data and local tests, anatomy of a Map Reduce job run, failures, job scheduling, shuffle and sort, task execution, Map Reduce types, input formats, output formats, Map Reduce features, Real-world Map Reduce 	08
III	HDFS (Hadoop Distributed File System): Design of HDFS, HDFS concepts, benefits and challenges, file sizes, block sizes and block abstraction in HDFS, data replication, how does HDFS store, read, and write files, Java interfaces to HDFS, command line interface, Hadoop file system interfaces, data flow, data ingest with Flume and Scoop, Hadoop archives, Hadoop I/O: Compression, serialization, Avro and file-based data structures. Hadoop Environment: Setting up a Hadoop cluster, cluster specification, cluster setup and installation, Hadoop configuration, security in Hadoop, administering Hadoop, HDFS monitoring & maintenance, Hadoop benchmarks, Hadoop in the cloud	08
IV	 Hadoop Eco System and YARN: Hadoop ecosystem components, schedulers, fair and capacity, Hadoop 2.0 New Features – Name Node high availability, HDFS federation, MRv2, YARN, Running MRv1 in YARN. NoSQL Databases: Introduction to NoSQL MongoDB: Introduction, data types, creating, updating and deleing documents, querying, introduction to indexing, capped collections Spark: Installing spark, spark applications, jobs, stages and tasks, Resilient Distributed Databases, anatomy of a Spark job run, Spark on YARN SCALA: Introduction, classes and objects, basic types and operators, built-in control structures, functions and closures, inheritance. 	08
V	 Hadoop Eco System Frameworks: Applications on Big Data using Pig, Hive and HBase Pig : Introduction to PIG, Execution Modes of Pig, Comparison of Pig with Databases, Grunt, Pig Latin, User Defined Functions, Data Processing operators, Hive - Apache Hive architecture and installation, Hive shell, Hive services, Hive 	08

	MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATION (MCA)
	metastore, comparison with traditional databases, HiveQL, tables, querying data and
	user defined functions, sorting and aggregating, Map Reduce scripts, joins &
	subqueries.
	HBase - Hbase concepts, clients, example, Hbase vs RDBMS, advanced usage,
	schema design, advance indexing, Zookeeper – how it helps in monitoring a cluster,
	how to build applications with Zookeeper. IBM Big Data strategy, introduction to
	Infosphere, BigInsights and Big Sheets, introduction to Big SQL.
Sugges	ted Readings:
1.	Michael Minelli, Michelle Chambers, and Ambiga Dhiraj, "Big Data, Big Analytics: Emerging
	Business Intelligence and Analytic Trends for Today's Businesses", Wiley.
	Big-Data Black Book, DT Editorial Services, Wiley.
3.	Dirk deRoos, Chris Eaton, George Lapis, Paul Zikopoulos, Tom Deutsch, "Understanding Big
	Data Analytics for Enterprise Class Hadoop and Streaming Data", McGrawHill.
4.	Thomas Erl, Wajid Khattak, Paul Buhler, "Big Data Fundamentals: Concepts, Drivers and
	Techniques", Prentice Hall.
5.	Bart Baesens "Analytics in a Big Data World: The Essential Guide to Data Science and its
	Applications (WILEY Big Data Series)", John Wiley & Sons
	Arshdeep Bahga, Vijay Madisetti, "Big Data Science & Analytics: A Hands On Approach ", VPT
	J J J J
	Tom White, "Hadoop: The Definitive Guide", O'Reilly.
	Eric Sammer, "Hadoop Operations", O'Reilly.
	Chuck Lam, "Hadoop in Action", MANNING Publishers
11.	Deepak Vohra, "Practical Hadoop Ecosystem: A Definitive Guide to Hadoop-Related
	Frameworks and Tools", Apress
	E. Capriolo, D. Wampler, and J. Rutherglen, "Programming Hive", O'Reilly
	Lars George, "HBase: The Definitive Guide", O'Reilly.
	Alan Gates, "Programming Pig", O'Reilly.
	Michael Berthold, David J. Hand, "Intelligent Data Analysis", Springer.
16.	Bill Franks, "Taming the Big Data Tidal Wave: Finding Opportunities in Huge Data Streams with
17	Advanced Analytics", John Wiley & sons.
	Glenn J. Myatt, "Making Sense of Data", John Wiley & Sons
18.	Pete Warden, "Big Data Glossary", O'Reilly

KCA015: Introduction to Machine Learning		
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Le	vel (KL)
	At the end of course, the student will be able to understand	
CO 1	Understanding about Machine Learning and their perspectives.	K_1, K_2
CO 2	Understanding and Applying the concepts of Machine Learning Algorithms	K_2, K_4
CO 3	Design and implement supervised and unsupervised machine learning algorithms for real-world applications	K ₃ ,K ₄
CO 4	Appreciate the underlying mathematical relationships within and across Machine Learning algorithms.	K ₂ ,K ₃
CO 5	Ability to solve real problems by implementing machine learning	K5
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-1-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
Ι	Overview and Introduction to Machine Learning: Data Science, AI & ML, Introduction of Machine intelligence and its applications, Machine learning concepts, Components of a learning problem, supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning, inductive learning, deductive learning.	08
II	Foundations of Machine Learning: Hypothesis Space and Inductive Bias, feature selection. Classification, regression linear and polynomial, logistic regression, decision tree, random forest, naïve bayes, SVM.	08
III	Clustering and dimensionality Reduction: Adaptive hierarchical clustering, SVD PCA, K-means, association analysis, apriori, hidden Markov model.	08
IV	Reinforcement learning: Elements of Reinforcement Learning, Characteristics of reinforcement learning, various techniques used in reinforcement, Model-Based Learning, Temporal Difference Learning, Markov decision process, Deep Learning.	08
V	Learning with Neural Networks: Introduction to Artificial Neuron, Architectures, Learning Methods, Taxonomy of NN Systems, Single-Layer NN System, Applications. Back Propagation Network: Background, Back- Propagation Learning, Back-Propagation Algorithm.	08
Sugges 1. 2. 3. 4.	ted Readings:	

ELECTIVE-2

	MASTER OF COMINTER ATTEICATION (MCA)	
	KCAE21: Web Technology	
Course	Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL	
	At the end of course, the student will be able to understand	
CO 1	Apply the knowledge of the internet and related internet concepts that are vital in	K ₃ , K ₆
	understanding web application development and analyze the insights of internet	5, 0
	programming to implement complete application over the web.	
CO 2	Understand, analyze and apply the role of markup languages like HTML,	K ₂ , K ₃
02		$\mathbf{K}_{2}, \mathbf{K}_{3}$
	DHTML, and XML in the workings of the web and web applications.	** **
CO 3	Use web application development software tools i.e. XML, Apache Tomcat etc.	K ₃ , K ₆
	and identifies the environments currently available on the market to design web	
	sites	
CO 4	Understand, analyze and build dynamic web pages using client side programming	K_{2}, K_{4}, K_{6}
	JavaScript and also develop the web application using servlet and JSP.	
CO 5	Understand the impact of web designing by database connectivity with JDBC in	K_2, K_3, K_4
	the current market place where everyone use to prefer electronic medium for	2,3,4
	shopping, commerce, fund transfer and even social life also.	
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit		Proposed
Unit	Торіс	Lecture
Ι	Introduction: Introduction and Web Development Strategies, History of Web and	<u> </u>
1		08
	Internet, Protocols Governing Web, Writing Web Projects, Connecting to Internet,	
	Introduction to Internet services and tools, Introduction to client-server	
	computing.	
	Core Java: Introduction, Operator, Data type, Variable, Arrays, Methods &	
	Classes, Inheritance, Package and Interface, Exception Handling, Multithread	
	programming, I/O, Java Applet, String handling, Event handling, Introduction to	
	AWT, AWT controls, Layout managers	
II	Web Page Designing: HTML: List, Table, Images, Frames, forms, CSS,	08
	Document type definition, XML: DTD, XML schemes, Object Models, presenting	
	and using XML, Using XML Processors: DOM and SAX, Dynamic HTML	
III	Scripting: Java script: Introduction, documents, forms, statements, functions, objects;	08
111	introduction to AJAX, Networking : Internet Addressing, InteAddress, Factory Methods,	00
	Instance Methods, TCP/IP Client Sockets, URL, URL Connection, TCP/IP Server Sockets,	
	Datagram	
IV	Enterprise Java Bean: Preparing a Class to be a JavaBeans, Creating a JavaBeans,	08
	JavaBeans Properties, Types of beans, Stateful Session bean, Stateless Session bean,	
	Entity bean Java Database Connectivity (JDBC): Merging Data from Multiple Tables:	
	Joining, Manipulating, Databases with JDBC, Prepared Statements, Transaction	
	Processing, Stored Procedures.	
V	Servlets: Servlet Overview and Architecture, Interface Servlet and the Servlet Life Cycle,	08
	Handling HTTP get Requests, Handling HTTP post Requests, Redirecting Requests to	
	Other Resources, Session Tracking, Cookies, Session Tracking with Http Session. Java	
	Server Pages (JSP): Introduction, Java Server Pages Overview, A First Java Server Page	
0	Example, Implicit Objects, Scripting, Standard Actions, Directives, Custom Tag Libraries.	
Suggest	ted Readings:	
	1. Burdman, Jessica, "Collaborative Web Development" Addison Wesley	
	2. Xavier, C, "Web Technology and Design", New Age International	
	3. Ivan Bayross," HTML, DHTML, Java Script, Perl & CGI", BPB Publication	
	4. Bhave, "Programming with Java", Pearson Education	
	5. Herbert Schieldt, "The Complete Reference:Java", TMH.	
	6. Hans Bergsten, "Java Server Pages", SPD O'Reilly	
	7. Margaret Levine Young, "The Complete Reference Internet", TMH	
	8. Naughton, Schildt, "The Complete Reference JAVA2", TMH	
	9. Balagurusamy E, "Programming in JAVA", TMH	

KCAE22: Cloud Computing		
Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)		L)
	At the end of course, the student will be able to understand	,
CO 1	Understand the concepts of Cloud Computing, key technologies,	K_1, K_2
	strengths and limitations of cloud computing.	
CO 2	Develop the ability to understand and use the architecture to compute	K ₁ , K ₃
	and storage cloud, service and models.	
CO 3	Understand the application in cloud computing.	$K_{4,} K_5$
CO 4	Learn the key and enabling technologies that help in the development of	$K_{3,}K_{4}$
	cloud.	
CO 5	Explain the core issues of cloud computing such as resource	K ₂ , K ₆
	management and security.	
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-1-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed
		Lecture
Ι	Introduction: Cloud Computing – Definition of Cloud – Evolution of	08
	Cloud Computing – Underlying Principles of Parallel and Distributed,	
	History of Cloud Computing - Cloud Architecture - Types of Clouds -	
	Business models around Clouds – Major Players in Cloud Computing-	
п	issues in Clouds - Eucalyptus - Nimbus - Open Nebula, CloudSim.	0.0
II	Cloud Services: Types of Cloud services: Software as a Service-	08
	Platform as a Service – Infrastructure as a Service - Database as a	
	Service - Monitoring as a Service -Communication as services. Service	
ш	providers- Google, Amazon, Microsoft Azure, IBM, Sales force.	0.9
III	Collaborating Using Cloud Services: Email Communication over the	08
	Cloud - CRM Management – Project Management-Event Management – Task Management – Calendar - Schedules - Word Processing –	
	Presentation – Spreadsheet - Databases – Desktop - Social Networks and	
	Groupware.	
IV	Virtualization for Cloud: Need for Virtualization – Pros and cons of	08
± *	Virtualization – Types of Virtualization – System VM, Process VM,	00
	Virtual Machine monitor – Virtual machine properties - Interpretation	
	and binary translation, HLL VM - supervisors – Xen, KVM, VMware,	
	Virtual Box, Hyper-V.	
V	Security, Standards and Applications: Security in Clouds: Cloud	08
	security challenges – Software as a Service Security, Common	
	Standards: The Open Cloud Consortium – The Distributed management	
	Task Force – Standards for application Developers – Standards for	
	Messaging – Standards for Security, End user access to cloud	
	computing, Mobile Internet devices and the cloud.	
	Hadoop – MapReduce – Virtual Box – Google App Engine –	
	Programming Environment for Google App Engine	

Suggested Readings:

- 1. David E.Y. Sarna, "Implementing and Developing Cloud Application", CRC press 2011.
- 2. Lee Badger, Tim Grance, Robert Patt-Corner, Jeff Voas, NIST, Draft cloud computing synopsis and recommendation, May 2011.
- 3. Anthony T Velte, Toby J Velte, Robert Elsenpeter, "Cloud Computing : A Practical Approach", Tata McGraw-Hill 2010.
- 4. Haley Beard, "Best Practices for Managing and Measuring Processes for On-demand Computing, Applications and Data Centers in the Cloud with SLAs", Emereo Pty Limited, July 2008.
- 5. G. J. Popek, R.P. Goldberg, "Formal requirements for virtualizable third generation Architectures, Communications of the ACM", No.7 Vol.17, July 1974

	KCAE23 : Simulation and Modelling		
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)		
	At the end of course , the student will be able to understand		
CO 1	Study the concept of system, its components and types.	K ₁	
CO 2	Understand and analyze nature and techniques of major simulation models.	K ₂ , K ₄	
CO 3	Study and analyze the idea of continuous and discrete system simulation.	K ₁ , K ₄	
CO 4	Understand the notion of system dynamics and system dynamics diagrams.	K ₂	
CO 5	Finding critical path computation and understanding PERT networks	K_1, K_4	
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-1-0	
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture	
Ι	System definition and components, stochastic activities, continuous and discrete systems, System modeling, Types of models, static and dynamic physical models, static and dynamic mathematical models, full corporate model, types of system study.	08	
II	System simulation, Need of simulation, Basic nature of simulation, techniques of simulation, comparison of simulation and analytical methods, types of system Simulation, real time simulation, hybrid simulation, simulation of pursuit problem, single-server queuing system and an inventory problem, Monte-Carlo simulation, Distributed Lag model, Cobweb model.	08	
III	Simulation of continuous Systems, analog vs digital simulation, simulation of water reservoir system, simulation of a servo system, simulation of an auto-pilot. Discrete system simulation, fixed time step vs. event-to-event model, generation of random numbers, test of randomness, Monte-Carlo computation vs. stochastic simulation.	08	
IV	System dynamics, exponential growth models, exponential decay models, logistic curves, system dynamics diagrams, world model.	08	
V	Simulation of PERT networks, critical path computation, uncertainties in activity duration, resource allocation and consideration, Simulation languages, object oriented simulation	08	
1. 2.	sted Readings: Geoffrey Gordon, "System Simulation", PHI Narsingh Deo, "System Simulation with digital computer", PHI. Averill M. Law and W. David Kelton, "Simulation Modelling and Analysis TMH.	5",	

KCAE24:	Soft	Computing
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	nonie wood comparing	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (Kl	L)
	At the end of course, the student will be able to understand	
CO 1	Recognize the need of soft computing and study basic concepts and techniques of soft computing.	K ₁ , K ₂
CO 2	Understand the basic concepts of artificial neural network to analyze widely used neural networks.	K ₂ , K ₄
CO 3	Apply fuzzy logic to handle uncertainty in various real-world problems.	K ₃
CO 4	Study various paradigms of evolutionary computing and evaluate genetic algorithm in solving optimization problems.	K ₁ , K ₅
CO 5	Apply hybrid techniques in applications of soft computing.	K ₃
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
Ι	 Introduction to Soft Computing: Introduction, Comparison with hard computing, Concept of learning and adaptation, Constituents of soft computing, Applications of soft computing. Artificial Neural Networks: Basic concepts of neural networks, Human brain, Biological neural network, History of artificial neural networks, Basic building blocks of an artificial neuron, Neural network architectures, Activation functions, Characteristics and limitation of neural networks. 	08
П	Artificial Neural Networks: Learning methods - Supervised, Unsupervised, Reinforcement, Hebbian, Gradient descent, Competitive, Stochastic. Major classes of neural networks: Perceptron networks, Multilayer perceptron model, Back-propagation network, Radial basis function network, Recurrent neural network, Hopfield networks, Kohonen self-organizing feature maps.	08
III	 Fuzzy Logic: Introduction to Fuzzy Logic, Comparison with crisp logic, Properties of classical sets, Operations on classical sets, Properties of fuzzy sets, Operations on fuzzy sets, Classical relations, Fuzzy relations, Features and types of fuzzy membership functions, Fuzzy arithmetic, Fuzzy measures. Fuzzy Systems: Crisp logic, Predicate logic, Fuzzy logic, Fuzzy propositions, Inference rules, Fuzzy inference systems- Fuzzification, Inference, Defuzzification, Types of inference engines. 	08
V	 Evolutionary Computing: Introduction, Evolutionary algorithm, Biological evolutionary process, Paradigms of evolutionary computing – Genetic algorithm and Genetic programming, Evolutionary strategies, Evolutionary programming. Genetic Algorithm: Introduction, Traditional optimization and search techniques, Comparison with traditional algorithms, Operations- Encoding, Selection, Crossover and Mutation, Classification of Genetic algorithm. 	08
V	 Hybrid Soft Computing Techniques: Introduction, Classification of hybrid systems, Neuro-fuzzy hybrid systems, Neuro-genetic hybrid systems, Fuzzy-genetic hybrid systems. Other Soft Computing Techniques: Tabu Search, Ant colony based optimization, Swarm Intelligence. 	08

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Sivanandam S.N. and Deepa S.N., "Principles of Soft Computing", Wiley-India.
- 2. Rajasekaran S. and Vijayalakshmi Pai G.A., "Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic and Genetic Algorithms- Synthesis and Applications", PHI Learning.
- 3. Chakraverty S., Sahoo D.M. and Mahato N. R., "Concepts of Soft Computing- Fuzzy and ANN with Programming", Springer.
- 4. Kaushik S. and Tiwari S., "Soft Computing Fundamentals, Techniques and Applications', McGrawHill Education.
- 5. Jang J.-S.R., Sun C.-T. and Mizutani E., "Neuro-Fuzzy and Soft Computing", Prentice-Hall of India.
- 6. Karray F. O. and Silva C. D., "Soft Computing and Intelligent Systems Design Theory, Tools and Applications", Pearson Education.
- 7. Freeman J. A. and Skapura D. M., "Neural Networks: Algorithms, Applications and Programming Techniques", Pearson.
- 8. Siman H., "Neural Netowrks", Prentice Hall of India.

KCA025: Android Operating System		
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (KI	L)
	At the end of course, the student will be able to understand	
CO 1	Understand the basic concepts and functions of Mobile Application and	K ₁ , K ₂
	Android Studio.	
CO 2	Describe the working and architecture of Android Operating System.	K ₂ , K ₃
CO 3	Design Android UI Layout and Describe activities.	K_2, K_6
CO 4	Design and develop an application using Database.	K ₆
CO 5	Ability to debug the Performance and Security of Android Applications.	K ₅
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed
		Lecture
Ι	Android Architecture: Introduction to Android, Layouts, Views and	08
	Resources, Activities and Intents, Activity Lifecycle and Saving State,	
	Activities and Implicit Intents, Testing & Debugging App, Android Support	
	Libraries.	
II	User Interaction and Intuitive Navigation: Input Controls, Menus, Widgets,	08
	Screen Navigation, Recycler View, ListView, Adapters and Data Binding,	
	Drawables, Themes and Styles.	
III	Background Tasks: Async Task and AsyncTask Loader, Broadcast receivers,	08
	Services, Notifications, Alarn managers, Date transferring, Internet access.	
IV	Storing, Sharing and Retrieving Data in Android Applications: Overview	08
	to storing data, Shared preferences, App settings, Store and query data in	
	Android's SQLite database. Content Providers, Content Resolver, Loading	
V	data using loaders.	00
V	Permissions, Performance and Security: Firebase and AdMob, Publish your	08
	app, Packaging and deployment, Interaction with server side applications- Using Google Maps, GPS and Wi-Fi, HTML and XML Parsing.	
Suggos	ted Readings:	
Sugges	Meier R., "Professionai Android 2 Application Development", Wiley.	
	Hashimi S., KomatineniS. and MacLeanD., "Pro Android 2", Apress.	
2. 3.	Murphy M., "Beginning Android 2", Apress.	
	Delessio C. and Darcey L., "Android Application Development", Pearson Education	on
	DiMarzio J.F., "Android a Programming Guide", Tata McGraw Hill.	
5.	Dividizio 3.1., Android a Hogramming Oulde, Tata Meoraw IIII.	

	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Kno	wledge Level (KL)
	At the end of course, the student will be able to up	nderstand
CO 1	Study and understand LISP and Prolog	K ₁ , K ₂
CO 2	Apply Prolog statements to solve simple mathematical problem	
CO 3	Apply LISP / Prolog statements to analyze and solve common	AI problems. K_3, K_4
CO 4	Implement and compare various AI searching algorithms.	K ₅ , K ₆
CO 5	Design and implement programs for machine learning problem	s. K ₆
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	
	Study of Prolog and LISP.	
2.	Write simple fact for the statements using PROLOG.	
3. V	Write predicates for simple problems such as conversion of temp	erature from Fahrenheit to
C	centigrade or vice-versa, calculating area of rectangle, square and	circle, etc.
4. V	Write program to solve the Monkey Banana problem.	
5. V	Write program in Prolog for medical diagnosis.	
	Write program to solve mathematical problem such as calculate f series, etc.	actorial, generate Fibonacci
7. V	Write program to solve 4-Queen / 8-Queen problem.	
	Write program to solve traveling salesman problem.	
	Write program to solve water jug problem.	
	Write program to solve tic-tac-toe problem.	
	Write program to implement uninformed searching algorithms.	
	Write program to implement informed searching algorithms.	
12. V	The program to implement informed searching algorithing.	

	KCA352: Software Engineering Lab	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (KI	L)
	At the end of course, the student will be able to understand	
CO 1	Identify ambiguities, inconsistencies and incompleteness from a requirements	K_2, K_4
	specification and state functional and non-functional requirement.	
CO 2	Identify different actors and use cases from a given problem statement	K_3, K_5
	and draw use case diagram to associate use cases with different types of relationship.	
CO 3	Draw a class diagram after identifying classes and association among them.	K_4, K_5
CO 4	Graphically represent various UML diagrams and associations among them	K_4, K_5
	and identify the logical sequence of activities undergoing in a system, and represent them pictorially.	
CO 5	Able to use modern engineering tools for specification, design, implementation	K_3, K_4
	and testing.	
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	
For an	y given case/ problem statement do the following;	
1.	Prepare a SRS document in line with the IEEE recommended standards.	
2.	Draw the use case diagram and specify the role of each of the actors.	
3.	Prepare state the precondition, post condition and function of each use case.	
4.	Draw the activity diagram.	
5.	Identify the classes. Classify them as weak and strong classes and draw the class diagram.	
6.	Draw the sequence diagram for any two scenarios.	
7.	Draw the collaboration diagram.	
8.	Draw the state chart diagram.	
9.	Draw the component diagram.	
10.	Draw the deployment diagram.	
	The Instructor may add/delete/modify/tune experiments, wherever he/she feels in d manner. Draw the deployment diagram	in a

SECOND YEAR SYLLABUS SEMESTER-IV

ELECTIVE-3

	KCA031: Blockchain Architecture	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)	
	At the end of course, the student will be able to understand	
CO1	Study and understand basic concepts of blockchain architecture.	K_1, K_2
CO2	Analyze various requirements for consensus protocols.	K_4
CO3	Apply and evaluate the consensus process.	K ₃ , K ₅
CO4	Understand the concepts of Hyperledger fabric.	K ₁
CO5	Analyze and evaluate various use cases in financial software and supply chain.	K4, K5
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	4-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
Ι	 Introduction to Blockchain: Digital Money to Distributed Ledgers, Design Primitives: Protocols, Security, Consensus, Permissions, Privacy. Blockchain Architecture and Design: Basic crypto primitives: Hash, Signature, Hashchain to Blockchain, Bitcoin Basic, Basic consensus mechanisms. 	08
II	Consensus: Requirements for the consensus protocols, Proof of Work (PoW), Scalability aspects of Blockchain consensus protocols, distributed consensus, consensus in Bitcoin. Permissioned Blockchains: Design goals, Consensus protocols for Permissioned Blockchains	08
III	 Hyperledger Fabric: Decomposing the consensus process, Hyperledger fabric components. Chaincode Design and Implementation Hyperledger Fabric: Beyond Chaincode: fabric SDK and Front End, Hyperledger composer tool. 	08
IV	Use case 1: Blockchain in Financial Software and Systems (FSS): (i) Settlements, (ii) KYC, (iii) Capital markets, (iv) Insurance. Use case 2: Blockchain in trade/supply chain: (i) Provenance of goods, visibility, trade/supply chain finance, invoice management discounting, etc.	08
V	Use case 3: Blockchain for Government: (i) Digital identity, land records and other kinds of record keeping between government entities, (ii) public distribution system social welfare systems, Blockchain Cryptography, Privacy and Security on Blockchain	08
 And Mela "Hyp Bob 	ted Readings: reas Antonopoulos, "Mastering Bitcoin: Unlocking Digital Cryptocurrencies", O'Rei nie Swa, "Blockchain", O'Reilly eerledger Fabric", https://www.hyperledger.org/projects/fabric Dill, David Smits, "Zero to Blockchain - An IBM Redbooks course", ://www.redbooks.ibm.com/Redbooks.nsf/RedbookAbstracts/crse0401.html	lly

	WASTER OF COMINTER ATTEICATION (WCA)	
KCA032: Data Warehousing & Data Mining Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL		
		L)
	At the end of course, the student will be able to understand	
CO1	Demonstrate knowledge of Data Warehouse and its components.	K ₁ , K ₂
CO2	Discuss the process of Warehouse Planning and Implementation.	K ₁ , K ₂
CO3	Discuss and implement various supervised and Non supervised learning algorithms on data.	K ₆
CO4	Explain the various process of Data Mining and decide best according to type of data.	K ₂ , K ₅
CO5	Explain process of knowledge discovery in database (KDD). Design Data Mining model.	K ₂ , K ₅
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	4-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
Ι	Data Warehousing : Overview, Definition, Data Warehousing Components, Building a Data Warehouse, Warehouse Database, Mapping the Data Warehouse to a Multiprocessor Architecture, Difference between Database System and Data Warehouse, Multi Dimensional Data Model, Data Cubes, Stars, Snow Flakes, Fact Constellations, Concept.	08
II	Data Warehouse Process and Technology: Warehousing Strategy, Warehouse /management and Support Processes, Warehouse Planning and Implementation, Hardware and Operating Systems for Data Warehousing, Client/Server Computing Model & Data Warehousing. Parallel Processors & Cluster Systems, Distributed DBMS implementations, Warehousing Software, Warehouse Schema Design	08
III	Data Mining : Overview, Motivation, Definition & Functionalities, Data Processing, Form of Data Pre-processing, Data Cleaning: Missing Values, Noisy Data, (Binning, Clustering, Regression, Computer and Human inspection), Inconsistent Data, Data Integration and Transformation. Data Reduction:-Data Cube Aggregation, Dimensionality reduction, Data Compression, Numerosity Reduction, Discretization and Concept hierarchy generation, Decision Tree	08
IV	Classification: Definition, Data Generalization, Analytical Characterization, Analysis of attribute relevance, Mining Class comparisons, Statistical measures in large Databases, Statistical-Based Algorithms, Distance-Based Algorithms, Decision Tree-Based Algorithms. Clustering: Introduction, Similarity and Distance Measures, Hierarchical and Partitional Algorithms. Hierarchical Clustering- CURE and Chameleon. Density Based Methods DBSCAN, OPTICS. Grid Based Methods- STING, CLIQUE. Model Based Method – Statistical Approach, Association rules: Introduction, Large Item sets, Basic Algorithms, Parallel and Distributed Algorithms, Neural Network approach.	08
V	Data Visualization and Overall Perspective : Aggregation, Historical information, Query Facility, OLAP function and Tools. OLAP Servers, ROLAP, MOLAP, HOLAP, Data Mining interface, Security, Backup and Recovery, Tuning Data Warehouse, Testing Data Warehouse. Warehousing applications and Recent Trends: Types of Warehousing	08

Applications, Web Mining, Spatial Mining and Temporal Mining.

Suggested Readings:

1. Alex Berson, Stephen J. Smith "Data Warehousing, Data-Mining & OLAP", TMH.

2. Mark Humphries, Michael W. Hawkins, Michelle C. Dy, "Data Warehousing: Architecture and Implementation", Pearson.

3. I. Singh, "Data Mining and Warehousing", Khanna Publishing House.

4. Margaret H. Dunham, S. Sridhar,"Data Mining:Introductory and Advanced Topics" Pearson Education 5. Arun K. Pujari, "Data Mining Techniques" Universities Press.

6. Pieter Adriaans, Dolf Zantinge, "Data-Mining", Pearson Education

	KCA033: Pattern Recognition	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (Kl	L)
	At the end of course, the student will be able to understand	
CO 1	Study of basics of Pattern recognition. Understand the designing principles and	K_1, K_2
	Mathematical foundation used in pattern recognition.	
CO 2	Analysis the Statistical Patten Recognition.	K _{3,} K ₄
CO 3	Understanding the different Parameter estimation methods.	K_1, K_2
CO 4	Understanding the different Nonparametric Techniques.	$K_1, K_{2,}$
CO 5	Understand and Make use of unsupervised learning and Clustering in Pattern	$K_2 K_{3,} K_4$
	recognition.	
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed
		Lecture
Ι	Introduction: Basics of pattern recognition, Design principles of pattern	08
	recognition system, Learning and adaptation, Pattern recognition approaches,	
	Mathematical foundations – Linear algebra, Probability Theory, Expectation,	
	mean and covariance, Normal distribution, multivariate normal densities, Chi	
тт	squared test.	0.0
II	Statistical Patten Recognition: Bayesian Decision Theory, Classifiers, Normal density and discriminant functions	08
III	Parameter estimation methods: Maximum-Likelihood estimation, Bayesian	08
111	Parameter estimation methods. Maximum-Electinood estimation, Bayesian Parameter estimation, Dimension reduction methods - Principal Component	00
	Analysis (PCA), Fisher Linear discriminant analysis, Expectation-	
	maximization (EM), Hidden Markov Models (HMM), Gaussian mixture	
	models.	
IV	Nonparametric Techniques: Density Estimation, Parzen Windows, K-	08
	Nearest Neighbor Estimation, Nearest Neighbor Rule, Fuzzy classification.	
V	Unsupervised Learning & Clustering: Criterion functions for clustering,	08
	Clustering Techniques: Iterative square - error partitional clustering – K means,	
	agglomerative hierarchical clustering, Cluster validation.	
Sugges	ted Readings:	
	a R. O., Hart P. E. and Stork D. G., "Pattern Classification", John Wiley.	
	op C. M., "Neural Network for Pattern Recognition", Oxford University Press.	
	nal R., "Pattern Recognition: Technologies & Applications", Oxford University Pre	ess.
4 TL		

4. Theodoridis S. and Koutroumbas K., "Pattern Recognition", Academic Press.

	KCA034: Data Analytics	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)	
CO1	At the end of course, the student will be able to understand	V V
CO1	Describe the life cycle phases of Data Analytics through discovery, planning and building.	K ₁ , K ₂
CO2	Understand and apply Data Analysis Techniques.	K ₂ , K ₃
CO3	Implement various Data streams.	K ₃
CO4	Understand item sets, Clustering, frame works & Visualizations.	K ₂
CO5	Apply R tool for developing and evaluating real time applications.	K_3, K_5, K_6
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	4-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
I	 Introduction to Data Analytics: Sources and nature of data, classification of data (structured, semi-structured, unstructured), characteristics of data, introduction to Big Data platform, need of data analytics, evolution of analytic scalability, analytic process and tools, analysis vs reporting, modern data analytic tools, applications of data analytics. Data Analytics Lifecycle: Need, key roles for successful analytic projects, various phases of data analytics lifecycle – discovery, data preparation, model planning model building communicating results operationalization 	08
II	 planning, model building, communicating results, operationalization Data Analysis: Regression modeling, multivariate analysis, Bayesian modeling, inference and Bayesian networks, support vector and kernel methods, analysis of time series: linear systems analysis & nonlinear dynamics, rule induction, Neural Networks: Learning and generalisation, competitive learning, principal component analysis and neural networks, fuzzy logic: extracting fuzzy models from data, fuzzy decision trees, stochastic search methods. 	08
III	Mining Data Streams: Introduction to streams concepts, stream data model and architecture, stream computing, sampling data in a stream, filtering streams, counting distinct elements in a stream, estimating moments, counting oneness in a window, decaying window, Real-time Analytics Platform (RTAP) applications, Case studies – Real time sentiment analysis, stock market predictions.	08
IV	Frequent Itemsets and Clustering: Mining frequent itemsets, market based modelling, Apriori algorithm, handling large data sets in main memory, limited pass algorithm, counting frequent itemsets in a stream, Clustering techniques: hierarchical, K-means, clustering high dimensional data, CLIQUE and ProCLUS, frequent pattern based clustering methods, clustering in non-euclidean space, clustering for streams and parallelism.	08
V	 Frame Works and Visualization: MapReduce, Hadoop, Pig, Hive, HBase, MapR, Sharding, NoSQL Databases, S3, Hadoop Distributed File Systems, Visualization: visual data analysis techniques, interaction techniques, systems and applications. Introduction to R - R graphical user interfaces, data import and export, attribute and data types, descriptive statistics, exploratory data analysis, visualization before analysis, analytics for unstructured data. 	08
Sugges	ted Readings:	·
00	Michael Berthold, David J. Hand, "Intelligent Data Analysis", Springer.	
	Anand Rajaraman and Jeffrey David Ullman, "Mining of Massive Datasets", University Press.	Cambridge
3. 4.	Bill Franks, "Taming the Big Data Tidal wave: Finding Opportunities in Huge D with Advanced Analytics", John Wiley & Sons. John Garrett, "Data Analytics for IT Networks : Developing Innovative Use Case	

Education.

- 5. Michael Minelli, Michelle Chambers, and Ambiga Dhiraj, "Big Data, Big Analytics: Emerging Business Intelligence and Analytic Trends for Today's Businesses", Wiley.
- 6. David Dietrich, Barry Heller, Beibei Yang, "Data Science and Big Data Analytics", EMC Education Series, John Wiley.
- 7. Frank J Ohlhorst, "Big Data Analytics: Turning Big Data into Big Money", Wiley and SAS Business Series.
- 8. Colleen Mccue, "Data Mining and Predictive Analysis: Intelligence Gathering and Crime Analysis", Elsevier.
- 9. Michael Berthold, David J. Hand," Intelligent Data Analysis", Springer.
- 10. Paul Zikopoulos, Chris Eaton, Paul Zikopoulos, "Understanding Big Data: Analytics for Enterprise Class Hadoop and Streaming Data", McGraw Hill.
- 11. Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Jerome Friedman, "The Elements of Statistical Learning", Springer.
- 12. Mark Gardner, "Beginning R: The Statistical Programming Language", Wrox Publication.
- 13. Pete Warden, "Big Data Glossary", O'Reilly.
- 14. Glenn J. Myatt, "Making Sense of Data", John Wiley & Sons.
- 15. Peter Bühlmann, Petros Drineas, Michael Kane, Mark van der Laan, "Handbook of Big Data", CRC Press.
- 16. Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber "Data Mining Concepts and Techniques", Second Edition, Elsevier.

	KCA035: Computer Networks	
Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)		
	At the end of course, the student will be able to understand	
CO 1	Explain basic concepts, OSI reference model, services and role of each layer of OSI model and TCP/IP, networks devices and transmission media, Analog and digital data transmission.	K ₁ , K ₂
CO 2	Apply channel allocation, framing, error and flow control techniques.	K ₃
CO 3	Describe the functions of Network Layer i.e. Logical addressing, subnetting & Routing Mechanism.	K ₂ , K ₃
CO 4	Explain the different Transport Layer function i.e. Port addressing, Connection Management Error control and Flow control mechanism.	K ₂ , K ₃
CO 5	Explain the functions offered by session and presentation layer and their Implementation.	K ₂ , K ₃
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-1-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed
Ι	Introductory Concepts: Goals and applications of networks, Categories of networks, Organization of the laternat ISB. Network structure and architecture	Lecture 08
	networks, Organization of the Internet, ISP, Network structure and architecture (layering principles, services, protocols and standards), The OSI reference model, TCP/IP protocol suite, Network devices and components. Physical Layer: Network topology design, Types of connections, Transmission media, Signal transmission and encoding, Network performance and transmission impairments, Switching techniques andmultiplexing.	
Π	Link layer: Framing, Error Detection and Correction, Flow control (Elementary Data LinkProtocols, Sliding Window protocols). Medium Access Control and Local Area Networks: Channel allocation, Multiple access protocols, LAN standards, Link layer switches & bridges (Learning bridge and Spanning tree algorithms).	08
III	Network Layer: Point-to-point networks, Logical addressing, Basic internetworking (IP, CIDR, ARP, RARP, DHCP, and ICMP), Routing, forwarding and delivery, Static and dynamic routing, Routing algorithms and protocols, Congestion control algorithms, IPv6.	08
IV	Transport Layer: Process-to-process delivery, Transport layer protocols (UDP and TCP), Multiplexing, Connection management, Flow control and retransmission, Window management, TCP Congestion control, Quality of service.	08
V	Application Layer: Domain Name System, World Wide Web and Hyper Text Transfer Protocol, Electronic mail, File Transfer Protocol, Remote login, Network management, Data compression, Cryptography – basic concepts	08
Suggest	red Readings:	
 Behn And Will Kuro Pete W. A T. D. C 	rouz Forouzan, "Data Communication and Networking", McGraw Hill rew Tanenbaum "Computer Networks", Prentice Hall. iam Stallings, "Data and Computer Communication", Pearson. ose and Ross, "Computer Networking- A Top-Down Approach", Pearson. rson and Davie, "Computer Networks: A Systems Approach", Morgan Kaufmann A. Shay, "Understanding Communications and Networks", Cengage Learning. Jomer, "Computer Networks and Internets", Pearson. rouz Forouzan, "TCP/IP Protocol Suite", McGraw Hill.	

ELECTIVE-4

	KCA041: Digital Image Processing	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Le	vel (KL)
	At the end of course, the student will be able to understand	(112)
CO 1	Explain the basic concepts of two-dimensional signal acquisition, sampling, quantization and color model.	K ₁ , K ₂
CO 2	Apply image processing techniques for image enhancement in both the spatial and frequency domains.	K ₂ , K ₃
CO 3	Apply and compare image restoration techniques in both spatial and frequency domain.	K ₂ , K ₃
CO 4	Compare edge based and region based segmentation algorithms for ROI extraction.	K ₃ , K ₄
CO 5	Explain compression techniques and descriptors for image processing.	K_2, K_3
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
Ι	Digital Image Fundamentals: Steps in Digital Image Processing – Components – Elements of Visual Perception – Image Sensing and Acquisition – Image Sampling and Quantization – Relationships between pixels – Color image fundamentals – RGB, HSI models, Two-dimensional mathematical preliminaries, 2D transforms – DFT, DCT.	08
II	Image Enhancement: Spatial Domain: Gray level transformations – Histogram processing – Basics of Spatial Filtering–Smoothing and Sharpening Spatial Filtering, Frequency Domain: Introduction to Fourier Transform– Smoothing and Sharpening frequency domain filters – Ideal, Butterworth and Gaussian filters, Homomorphic filtering, Color image enhancement.	08
III	Image Restoration: Image Restoration – degradation model, Properties, Noise models – Mean Filters – Order Statistics –Adaptive filters – Band reject Filters – Band pass Filters – Notch Filters – Optimum Notch Filtering – Inverse Filtering – Wiener filtering	08
IV	Image Segmentation: Edge detection, Edge linking via Hough transform – Thresholding – Region based segmentation – Region growing – Region splitting and merging – Morphological processing- erosion and dilation, Segmentation by morphological watersheds – basic concepts – Dam construction – Watershed segmentation algorithm.	08
V	Image Compression and Recognition: Need for data compression, Huffman, Run Length Encoding, Shift codes, Arithmetic coding, JPEG standard, MPEG. Boundary representation, Boundary description, Fourier Descriptor, Regional Descriptors – Topological feature, Texture – Patterns and Pattern classes – Recognition based on matching.	08
00	ted Readings:	
1.	Rafael C. Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods, "Digital Image Processing", Pearson, Th 2010.	nird Edition,
2.	Anil K. Jain, "Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing", Pearson, 2002.	
3.	Kenneth R. Castleman, "Digital Image Processing" Pearson, 2006.	
	D, E. Dudgeon and R M. Mersereau, "Multidimensional Digital Signal Processin Hall Professional Technical Reference, 1990.	g", Prentice
5.	William K. Pratt, "Digital Image Processing" John Wiley, New York, 2002.	
6.	Milan Sonka et al, "Image processing, analysis and machine vision Brookes/C Publishing House, 2nd edition,1999.	Cole", Vikas

	KCA042: Software Testing & Quality AssuranceCourse Outcome (CO)Bloom's Knowledge Level (KI	
	Course Outcome (CO)Bloom's Knowledge Level (KIAt the end of course, the student will be able to understand	_)
CO 1	Test the software by applying testing techniques to deliver a product free from	V
	bugs.	K_3
CO 2	Investigate the scenario and select the proper testing technique.	K ₁ , K ₄
$\frac{\text{CO 2}}{\text{CO 3}}$	Explore the test automation concepts and tools and estimation of cost, schedule	
005	based on standard metrics.	K_2, K_4
CO 4	Understand how to detect, classify, prevent and remove defects.	K ₁ , K ₂
$\frac{CO +}{CO 5}$	Choose appropriate quality assurance models and develop quality. Ability to	$\frac{K_1, K_2}{K_3, K_4}$
005	conduct formal inspections, record and evaluate results of inspections.	IX 3, IX 4
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Topic	Proposed
Unit	Topic	Lecture
Ι	Software Testing Basics: Testing as an engineering activity, Role of process	<u> </u>
	in software quality, Testing as a process, Basic definitions, Software testing	00
	principles, The tester's role in a software development organization, Origins of	
	defects, Defect classes, The defect repository and test design, Defect examples,	
	Developer / Tester support for developing a defect repository.	
Π	Testing Techniques and Levels of Testing: Using White Box Approach to	08
	Test design- Static Testing Vs. Structural Testing, Code Functional Testing,	
	Coverage and Control Flow Graphs, Using Black Box Approaches to Test	
	Case Design, Random Testing, Requirements based testing, Decision tables,	
	State-based testing, Cause-effect graphing, Error guessing, Compatibility	
	testing, Levels of Testing -Unit Testing, Integration Testing, Defect Bash	
	Elimination. System Testing - Usability and Accessibility Testing,	
	Configuration Testing, Compatibility Testing.	
III	Software Test Automation And Quality Metrics: Software Test Automation,	08
	Skills needed for Automation, Scope of Automation, Design and Architecture	
	for Automation, Requirements for a Test Tool, Challenges in Automation	
	Tracking the Bug, Debugging. Testing Software System Security - Six-Sigma,	
	TQM - Complexity Metrics and Models, Quality Management Metrics,	
	Availability Metrics, Defect Removal Effectiveness, FMEA, Quality Function	
	Deployment, Taguchi Quality Loss Function, Cost of Quality.	
IV	Fundamentals of Software Quality Assurance: SQA basics, Components of	08
	the Software Quality Assurance System, software quality in business context,	
	planning for software quality assurance, product quality and process quality,	
X 7	software process models, 7 QC Tools and Modern Tools.	00
V	Software Assurance Models: Models for Quality Assurance, ISO-9000 series,	08
	CMM, CMMI, Test Maturity Models, SPICE, Malcolm Baldrige Model- P-CMM.	
	Software Quality Assurance Trends: Software Process- PSP and TSP, OO	
	- ·	
	Methodology, Clean room software engineering, Defect Injection and	
	prevention, Internal Auditing and Assessments, Inspections & Walkthroughs,	
	Case Tools and their affect on Software Quality.	
	ted Readings:	

Pearson.

- 2. Daniel Galin, "Software Quality Assurance: From Theory to Implementation", Pearson Addison Wesley.
- 3. Aditya P. Mathur, "Foundations of Software Testing", Pearson.
- 4. Paul Ammann, Jeff Offutt, "Introduction to Software Testing", Cambridge University Press.
- 5. Paul C. Jorgensen, "Software Testing: A Craftsman's Approach", Auerbach Publications.
- 6. William Perry, "Effective Methods of Software Testing", Wiley Publishing, Third Edition.
- 7. Renu Rajani, Pradeep Oak, "Software Testing Effective Methods, Tools and Techniques", Tata McGraw Hill.
- 8. Stephen Kan, "Metrics and Models in Software Quality", Addison Wesley, Second Edition.
- 9. S. A. Kelkar, "Software quality and Testing", PHI Learning Pvt, Ltd.
- 10. Watts S Humphrey, "Managing the Software Process", Pearson Education Inc.

	KCA043: Internet of Things	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (Kl	L)
	At the end of course, the student will be able to understand	
CO 1	Explain the architecture of Internet of Things.	K_1, K_2
CO 2	Demonstrate the different technologies for IoTs.	K ₁ , K ₂
CO 3	Apply Python Programming skills to develop IoT application.	K ₃
CO 4	Analyze the architecture of Arduino and Raspberry Pi.	K ₅
CO 5	Create Small IoT Applications using Sensors.	K ₆
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
I	Getting Familiar with internet of Things (IoT): Definition, Characteristics, History and Evolution of IoT. Physical Design of IoT: Things in IoT, IoT Protocols. Logical Design of IoT: Functional block, Communication Models and APIs, IoT Stack	08
II	 Enabling Technologies: Sensors, Cloud Computing, Big Data analytics, Embedded Computing Boards, Communication Protocols, IoT Challenges, IoT Levels, Overview of Domain Specific IoTs applications Like Smart Cities, Smart Agriculture and industrial IoT Applications. The IoT Paradigm: Comparison with User interface related Technologies like SCADA, M2M, SDN. IoT Design Methodology: IoT Components. 	08
III	Transport Protocols: BLE, LiFi, Network Protocol: 6LoWPAN. Physical Design of IoT: Functional Block, Cloud Storage Models, Communication Models, and Communication APIs: REST based, Web Socket Based, Cloud for IoT: Challenges, Fog Computing.	08
IV	 Physical Devices and Endpoints: Arduino Pin diagram, Arduino Architecture, Arduino Programming, Raspberry Pi Pin diagram, Raspberry Pi Architecture. Sensors and Interfacing: Types of Sensors. Integrating Sensors: HDT (Humidity and Temperature Sensor), Gas Detector, HC-05 (Bluetooth Module), Ultrasonic Sensor, ESP8266 (Wi-Fi Module). 	08
V	 Logical Design of IoT: Revisiting Python Programming for loT (Data types, Operators, Control Structures, List, Tuples, Dictionaries, Functions, Modules and File Handling). Python Packages for connecting IoT Devices: Bluetooth, Sockets, Time, Requests, Sys, Adafruit Python DHT, paho-mqtt, Python JSON, Python pip. 	08
00	ted Readings:	
1.	S. K. Vasudevan, A. S. Nagarajan, RMD Sundaram, "Internet of Things", Wiley	, 1 st Edition,
	2014.	
2.	G. C. Hillar, "Internet of Things with Python", PACKT Publications, 1st Edition, 2	
3.	V. Madlsetti, A. Bahga, "Internet of Things: A Hands-on Approach", United	d Kingdom:
	Arsheep Bahga & Vijay Madisetti, 1 st Edition, 2015.	
4.	J. C. Shovic, "Raspberry Pi loT Projects: Prototyping Experiments for Makers" Edition, 2016.	
5.	M. Schwartz, "Internet of things with the Arduino Yun", Packt Publishing Ltd., 2014.	
6.	O. Hersent, D. Boswarthick, O. Elloumi, "The Internet of Things: Key Appl Protocols", John Wiley & Sons, 1 st Edition, 2012.	
7.	C. Dierbach, "Introduction to Computer Science using Python: A Computation Solving Focus", Wiley Publishing, 1 st Edition, 2013.	al Problem-

KCA044: Modern Application Development		
Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)		7)
	At the end of course, the student will be able to understand	/
CO 1	Equip students with principles, knowledge and skills for the design and	K ₁ , K ₂
	construction of web-enabled internet applications.	
CO 2	Design, implement and deploy an inhouse project using MongoDB, Express.js,	K ₃ , K ₆
	AnjularJS, Node.js.	
CO 3	Get acquainted with the latest web application development trends in the IT	K_4
60.4	industry.	17
CO 4	Evaluate different web application development alternatives and choose the	K_5
	appropriate one for a specific scenario. DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Topic	Proposed
Unit	Торк	Lecture
Ι	Basics of HTML, CSS, and Javascript HTML, CSS, Bootstrap, Javascript	08
-	basics – Variables, functions, and scopes, Logic flow and loops, Events and	00
	Document object model, Handling JSON data, Understanding JSON callbacks.	
II	Introduction to Node JS Installation, Callbacks, Installing dependencies with	08
	npm, Concurrency and event loop fundamentals, Node JS callbacks, Building	
	HTTP server, Importing and exporting modules, Building chat application	
	using web socket.	
III	Building REST services using Node JS REST services, Installing Express JS,	08
	Express Node project structure, Building REST services with Express	
	framework, Routes, filters, template engines - Jade, ejs.	
IV	MongoDB Basics and Communication with Node JS Installation, CRUD	08
	operations, Sorting, Projection, Aggregation framework, MongoDB indexes,	
	Connecting to MongoDB with Node JS, Introduction to Mongoose, Connecting	
	to MongoDB using mongoose, Defining mongoose schemas, CRUD operations using mongoose.	
V	Building Single Page Applications with AngularJS Single Page Application –	08
•	Introduction, Two-way data binding(Dependency Injection), MVC in Angular	vo
	JS, Controllers, Getting user input, Loops, Client side routing – Accessing	
	URL data, Various ways to provide data in Angular JS – Services and	
	Factories, Working with filters, Directives and Cookies.	
Sugges	ted Readings:	
1.	Simon Holmes, "Getting MEAN with Mongo, Express, Angular, and Node", Seco	ond Edition,
_	Manning Publications; 1 edition (31 October 2015).	
2.	Ken Williamson, "Learning Angular JS", O'Reilly; 1 edition (24 March 2015).	
3.	MithunSatheesh, "Web development with MongoDB and Node JS", Packt Publish	ıng
	Limited; 2nd Revised edition (30 October 2015).	

	KCA045: Distributed Database Systems		
	Course Outcome (CO)	Bloom's Knowledge Level (KI	L)
	At the end of course, the	student will be able to understand	
CO 1	Aware of fundamentals of transaction	as and schedules.	K_1, K_2
CO 2	Familiar with locking protocols.		K ₃
CO 3	Set the rules over management of tran	nsaction and concurrency control.	K_1, K_4
CO 4	Enhance the knowledge about issues	s of recovery and atomicity in distributed	K ₃ , K ₄
	databases.		
CO 5	Use the different techniques of distrib		K_1, K_3
	DETAILED S	YLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	r.	Горіс	Proposed
			Lecture
Ι		ent Execution of transaction, Conflict and	08
		ializability, Concepts in Recoverable and	
	Cascade less schedules.		
II		ased protocols, Multiple Granularity and	08
	1 , U	serializability by Locks, Locking system	
	with multiple lock modes, architectur		
III	ę	nt, Data Distribution, Fragmentation and	08
	•	Commit, Distributed Locking schemes,	
	Long duration transactions, Moss Con		
IV		v in Distributed Databases, Traditional	08
		recovery, Recovery with Concurrent	
		passing systems, Checkpoints, Algorithms	
	for recovery line, Concepts in Orphar		
V		day Joins, Semi joins, Cost based query	08
	1	e, Updating replicated data, protocols for	
9	Distributed Deadlock Detection, Eage	er and Lazy Replication Techniques.	
00	ted Readings:		
1.		atabase System Concept", McGraw Hill.	
2.	Ramakrishna and Gehrke,"Database M		
3.		base System Implementation", Pearson Edu	cation.
4.	Ceei and Pelagatti,"Distributed Databa		
5.	Munesh C. Trivedi, "Distributed Syste	em", Knanna Publisning House.	

Munesh C. Trivedi, "Distributed System", Khanna Publishing House.
 Singhal and Shivratri, "Advance Concepts in Operating Systems", McGraw Hill.

ELECTIVE-5

	KCA051: Mobile Computing	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (k	KL)
	At the end of course, the student will be able to understand	,
CO 1	Study and aware fundamentals of mobile computing.	K ₁ , K ₂
CO 2	Study and analyze wireless networking protocols, applications and environment.	$K_{1,}K_{4}$
CO 3	Understand various data management issues in mobile computing.	K ₂
CO 4	Analyze different type of security issues in mobile computing environment.	K ₄
CO 5	Study, analyze, and evaluate various routing protocols used in mobile computing.	K_1, K_4, K_5
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
I	Introduction, Issues in mobile computing, Overview of wireless telephony, Cellular concept, GSM- air interface, channel structure; Location management- HLR-VLR, hierarchical, handoffs; Channel allocation in cellular systems, CDMA, GPRS, MAC for cellular system.	08
Π	Wireless Networking, Wireless LAN Overview- MAC issues, IEEE 802.11, Blue Tooth, Wireless multiple access protocols, TCP over wireless, Wireless applications, Data broadcasting, Mobile IP, WAP-architecture, protocol stack, application environment, applications.	08
Ш	Data management issues in mobile computing, data replication for mobile computers, adaptive clustering for mobile wireless networks, File system, Disconnected operations.	08
IV	Mobile Agents computing, Security and fault tolerance, Transaction processing in mobile computing environment.	08
V	Adhoc networks, Localization, MAC issues, Routing protocols, Global state routing (GSR), Destination sequenced distance vector routing (DSDV), Dynamic source routing (DSR), Adhoc on demand distance vector routing (AODV), Temporary ordered routing algorithm (TORA), QoS in Adhoc Networks, applications	08
Sugges	ted Readings:	
1.	Schiller J., "Mobile Communications", Pearson	
2.	Upadhyaya S. and Chaudhury A., "Mobile Computing", Springer	
3.	Kamal R., "Mobile Computing", Oxford University Press.	
3. 4.	Talukder A. K. and Ahmed H., "Mobile Computing Technology, Applicat	tions
	and Service Creation", McGraw Hill Education	
5.	Garg K., "Mobile Computing Theory and Practice", Pearson.	
6.	Kumar S., "Wireless and Mobile Communication", New Age Internationa Publishers	1
7.	Manvi S. S. and Kakkasageri M. S., "Wireless and Mobile Networks- Cor Protocols", Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.	cepts and

KCA052: Computer Graphics and Animation		
Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)		
	At the end of course, the student will be able to understand	<i>.</i>
CO 1	Understand the graphics hardware used in field of computer graphics.	K ₂
CO 2	Understand the concept of graphics primitives such as lines and circle based on	K ₂ , K ₄
	different algorithms.	
CO 3	Apply the 2D graphics transformations, composite transformation and Clipping	K_4
	concepts.	
CO 4	Apply the concepts and techniques used in 3D computer graphics, including	K ₂ , K ₃
	viewing transformations, projections, curve and hidden surfaces.	
CO 5	Perform the concept of multimedia and animation in real life.	K ₂ , K ₃
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed
		Lecture
Ι	Introduction and Line Generation: Types of computer graphics, Graphic	08
	Displays- Random scan displays, Raster scan displays, Frame buffer and video	
	controller, Points and lines, Line drawing algorithms, Circle generating	
	algorithms, Mid-point circle generating algorithm, and parallel version of these	
	algorithms.	
II	Transformations: Basic transformation, Matrix representations and	08
	homogenous coordinates, Composite transformations, Reflections and	
	shearing.	
	Windowing and Clipping: Viewing pipeline, Viewing transformations, 2-D	
	Clipping algorithms- Line clipping algorithms such as Cohen Sutherland line	
	clipping algorithm, Liang Barsky algorithm, Line clipping against non	
	rectangular clip windows; Polygon clipping – Sutherland Hodgeman polygon	
	clipping, Weiler and Atherton polygon clipping, Curve clipping, Text clipping.	
Ш	Three Dimensional: 3-D Geometric Primitives, 3-D Object representation, 3-	08
	D Transformation, 3-D viewing, projections, 3-D Clipping.	
	Curves and Surfaces: Quadric surfaces, Spheres, Ellipsoid, Blobby objects, Introductory concerns of Spline, Begline and Pazier curves and surfaces	
IV	Introductory concepts of Spline, Bspline and Bezier curves and surfaces. Hidden Lines and Surfaces: Back Face Detection algorithm, Depth buffer	08
1 V	method, A- buffer method, Scan line method, basic illumination models-	Võ
	Ambient light, Diffuse reflection, Specular reflection and Phong model,	
	Combined approach, Warn model, Intensity Attenuation, Color consideration,	
	Transparency and Shadows.	
V	Multimedia Systems: Design Fundamentals, Back ground of Art, Color theory	08
·	overview, Sketching & illustration, Storyboarding, different tools for	00
	animation.	
	Animation: Principles of Animations, Elements of animation and their use,	
	Power of Motion, Animation Techniques, Animation File Format, Making	
	animation for Rolling Ball, making animation for a Bouncing Ball, Animation	
	for the web, GIF, Plugins and Players, Animation tools for World Wide Web.	
Sugges	ted Readings:	
00	Hearn D. and Baker M. P., "Computer Graphics C Version", Pearson Education	
2.	Foley, Vandam, Feiner, Hughes, "Computer Graphics principle", Pearson Education.	
3.	Rogers, "Procedural Elements of Computer Graphics", McGraw Hill	
4.	Newman W. M., Sproull R. F., "Principles of Interactive computer Graphics", McGraw Hi	ill.
5.	Sinha A. N. and Udai A. D.," Computer Graphics", McGraw Hill.	
6.	Mukherjee, "Fundamentals of Computer graphics & Multimedia", PHI Learning Private L	imited.
7.	Vaughan T., "Multimedia, Making IT Work", Tata McGraw Hill.	
/•	rughun 1., mutuhodu, mutuh 11 mort, tata mootaw 1111.	

KCA053: Natural Language Processing		
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (KI	L)
	At the end of course, the student will be able to understand	
CO 1	Study and understand basic concepts, background and representations of natural language.	K ₁ , K ₂
CO 2	Analyze various real-world applications of NLP.	K_4
CO 3	Apply different parsing techniques in NLP.	K ₃
CO 4	Understand grammatical concepts and apply them in NLP.	K ₂ , K ₃
CO 5	Apply various statistical and probabilistic grammar methods to handle and evaluate ambiguity.	K ₃ , K ₅
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
I	Introduction to Natural Language Understanding: The study of Language, Applications of NLP, Evaluating Language Understanding Systems, Different levels of Language Analysis, Representations and Understanding, Organization of Natural language Understanding Systems, Linguistic Background: An outline of English syntax.	08
II	Introduction to semantics and knowledge representation, some applications like machine translation, database interface.	08
III	Grammars and Parsing: Grammars and sentence Structure, Top-Down and Bottom-Up Parsers, Transition Network Grammars, Top- Down Chart Parsing. Feature Systems and Augmented Grammars: Basic Feature system for English, Morphological Analysis and the Lexicon, Parsing with Features, Augmented Transition Networks.	08
IV	Grammars for Natural Language: Auxiliary Verbs and Verb Phrases, Movement Phenomenon in Language, Handling questions in Context-Free Grammars. Human preferences in Parsing, Encoding uncertainty, Deterministic Parser.	08
V	Ambiguity Resolution: Statistical Methods, Probabilistic Language Processing, Estimating Probabilities, Part-of Speech tagging, Obtaining Lexical Probabilities, Probabilistic Context-Free Grammars, Best First Parsing. Semantics and Logical Form, Word senses and Ambiguity, Encoding Ambiguity in Logical Form.	08
Sugges	ted Readings:	
1. 2.	Akshar Bharti, Vineet Chaitanya and Rajeev Sangal, "NLP: A Paninian Perspectiv Hall, New Delhi. James Allen, "Natural Language Understanding", Pearson Education.	
	D. Jurafsky, J. H. Martin, "Speech and Language Processing", Pearson Education. L. M. Ivansca, S. C. Shapiro, "Natural Language Processing and Language Repr AAAI Press, 2000.	
5.	T. Winograd, Language as a Cognitive Process, Addison-Wesley.	

	KCA054: Compiler Design	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)	
	At the end of course, the student will be able to understand	
CO 1	Acquire knowledge of different phases and passes of the compiler and also able to use the compiler tools like LEX, YACC, etc.	K_3, K_6
CO 2	Understand the parser and its types i.e. Top-Down and Bottom-up parsers and construction of LL, SLR, CLR, and LALR parsing table.	K ₂ , K ₆
CO 3	Implement the compiler using syntax-directed translation method and get knowledge about the synthesized and inherited attributes.	K ₄ , K ₅
CO 4	Acquire knowledge about run time data structure like symbol table organization and	K ₂ , K ₃
	different techniques used in that.	
CO 5	Understand the target machine's run time environment, its instruction set for code generation and techniques used for code optimization.	K ₂ , K ₄
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
Ι	Introduction to Compiler: Phases and passes, Bootstrapping, Finite state machines	Lecture
I	and regular expressions and their applications to lexical analysis, Optimization of DFA-Based Pattern Matchers implementation of lexical analyzers, lexical-analyzer generator, LEX compiler, Formal grammars and their application to syntax analysis, BNF notation, ambiguity, YACC. The syntactic specification of programming	08
	languages: Context free grammars, derivation and parse trees, capabilities of CFG.	
Π	Basic Parsing Techniques: Parsers, Shift reduce parsing, operator precedence parsing, top down parsing, predictive parsers Automatic Construction of efficient Parsers: LR parsers, the canonical Collection of LR(0) items, constructing SLR parsing tables, constructing Canonical LR parsing tables, Constructing LALR parsing tables, using ambiguous grammars, an automatic parser generator, implementation of LR parsing tables.	08
III	Syntax-directed Translation: Syntax-directed Translation schemes, Implementation of Syntax-directed Translators, Intermediate code, postfix notation, Parse trees & syntax trees, three address code, quadruple & triples, translation of assignment statements, Boolean expressions, statements that alter the flow of control, postfix translation, translation with a top down parser. More about translation: Array references in arithmetic expressions, procedures call, declarations and case statements.	08
IV	Symbol Tables : Data structure for symbols tables, representing scope information. Run-Time Administration: Implementation of simple stack allocation scheme, storage allocation in block structured language. Error Detection & Recovery: Lexical Phase errors, syntactic phase errors semantic errors.	08
V	Code Generation: Design Issues, the Target Language. Addresses in the Target Code, Basic Blocks and Flow Graphs, Optimization of Basic Blocks, Code Generator. Code optimization: Machine-Independent Optimizations, Loop optimization, DAG representation of basic blocks, value numbers and algebraic laws, Global Data-Flow analysis.	08
9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14.	ed Readings: Aho, Sethi & Ullman, "Compilers: Principles, Techniques and Tools", Pearson Education. K. Muneeswaran, "Compiler Design", First Edition, Oxford University Press. J. P. Bennet, "Introduction to Compiler Techniques", Second Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2003. Henk Alblas and Albert Nymeyer, "Practice and Principles of Compiler Building with C", V Raghvan, "Principles of Compiler Design", McGraw-Hill. Kenneth Louden, "Compiler Construction", Cengage Learning. Charles Fischer and Ricard LeBlanc," Crafting a Compiler with C", Pearson Education.	

	KCA055: Deep Learning		
Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)			
At the end of course, the student will be able to understand			
CO 1	Understand the concept of machine learning and artificial neural networks.	K ₂	
CO 2	Understand the basic concepts of deep learning to analyze and implement	K ₂ , K ₄ , K ₆	
	widely used deep networks.		
CO 3	Study and analyze various convolutional and recurrent neural networks.	K_1, K_4	
CO 4	Study the concept of optimization in deep learning.	K_1	
CO 5	Apply concept of deep learning in solving various real world problem domains.	K_3	
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0	
Unit	Торіс	Proposed	
		Lecture	
Ι	Machine Learning- Introduction, Types, Linear models, Introduction of Neural Network, Training a neural network, Activation functions, Loss functions, Hyper parameters, Neural networks as universal function approximates, Road to deep learning.	08	
II	Deep Networks : Introduction and history of deep learning, probabilistic theory of Deep learning, Common architectural principles of deep networks, building blocks of deep networks, Comparison with shallow networks, Deep belief networks, Generative Adversarial Networks (GAN), Semi-supervised Learning.	08	
Ш	Convolutional Neural Networks: From fully connected network to convolutions, Common convolutional architectural patterns, Configuring convolutional layers, Configuring pooling layers, Transfer learning, Convolutional neural network – LeNet, AlexNet, VGG, NiN, GoogLeNet, Batch normaization, ResNet, DenseNet.	08	
IV	Recurrent Neural Networks: Sequence models, Language models, Implementation of recurrent neural networks, GRU, LSTM, Deep recurrent neural networks, Bidirectional recurrent neural networks, Machine translation, Encoder-decoder architecture, Sequence to sequence.	08	
V	Optimization: Optimization in deep learning, Convexity, Gradient descent, Stochastic gradient descent. Applications: Speech and audio processing, Natural language processing, Information retrieval, Object recognition and computer vision.	08	
Sugges	ted Readings:		
1. Go 2. Sh Ur 3. De 4. Ni	bodfellow I., Bengio Y. and Courville A., "Deep Learning", MIT Press. alizi C. R., "Advanced Data Analysis from an Elementary Point of View", hiversity Press. Eng L. and Yu D., "Deep Learning- Methods and Applications", Now Publishers. elsen M., "Neural Networks and Deep Learning", Determination Press. tterson J. and Gibson A., "Deep Learning – A Practitioner's Approach", O Reilly.	Cambridge	